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RICHARD[1] MILES OF HERTFORDSHIRE, ENGLAND AND NEW HAVEN, CONNECTICUT, AND HIS FAMILY

By John Insley Coddington and Donald Lines Jacobus (FASG)

Richard[1] Miles was an early and prominent settler of New Haven. He was made freeman there in 1639, served as magistrate, elder, and deacon of the church in New Haven, and for one term as Deputy from New Haven to the General Court of New Haven Colony. Genealogists have known for many years that Richard Miles was a resident of Wormley, co. Hertford, England, in 1636 and that, as a matter of political morals, he refused to pay the ship money tax in that year, and was reported in the returns as "Gone to New England." He came to America as a member of the group of Puritans shepherded by the Rev. Peter Prudden, consisting chiefly of families from Hertfordshire and the adjoining counties. Most of these people followed Mr. Prudden to New Haven in 1639, and then moved on in 1639 and early 1640 to the new settlement at Milford. But Richard Miles apparently decided to remain in New Haven, where he lived until his death on 7 January 1666/7.

Mention of Richard Miles is made in nearly all the books pertaining to the history of New Haven Colony, and of the town of New Haven in the seventeenth century. There are, moreover, three printed and at least two manuscript genealogical studies of the Miles family of New Haven. The printed studies are (1) by Donald Lines Jacobus in the New Haven Genealogical Magazine, vol. 5, pp. 1182-1193; (2) by Mary Lovering Holman and Winifred Lovering Holman, in Ancestry of Colonel John Harrington Stevens and his wife Frances Helen Miller, compiled for Mrs. Helen Pendleton (Winston) Fillsbury, 1948, pp. 492-495; (3) by A. G. Hibbard, History of the Town of Goshen, Conn., 1897, pp. 495-502. The manuscript studies are (1) by Homer Worthington Brainard, at the Connecticut Historical Society Library, Hartford, Conn.; (2) by F. E. Randall, at the Library of the New York Genealogical and Biographical Society, New York, N.Y. Mr. Jacobus's, Mr. Hibbard's, Mr. Brainard's, and Mr. Randall's studies carry the genealogy of the Miles family down to the nineteenth century in several branches. Charles Henry Davis, M.D., History of Walling-

ford, Conn., 1870, p. 852, contains a purported genealogy of the Miles family which is replete with mistakes and quite worthless.

The contributors of the present article have tried to establish the parentage and place and date of baptism of Richard[1] Miles in Hertfordshire. Difficulties were encountered because of the relative frequency of incidence of the name Miles or Myles in that county and the ease of confusion with Mills. The contributors are reasonably sure, however, of the identity of the New Haven settler with the "Rychard Myles sonne of Rychard Myles & Als his wyfe" who was baptized at Great Munden, co. Hertford, 27 August 1598, though they wish to caution readers that a possibility of error remains.

The contributors have also felt that it was desirable to review the pedigree of the early generations of the Miles family in New Haven. It was stated in all five of the genealogical studies mentioned above (except that of Mr. Hibbard who makes no specific statement) that all the children of Richard[1] Miles were by his first wife, whose name was not known when those studies were written. But it has since been shown, in an article called "Katherine (Elithorpe) (Constable) Miles, Ancestress of Certain Miles and Street Families" in The American Genealogist, supra, 31:24-29, that the youngest two children of Richard Miles, Anna and John, were the offspring of his second marriage to Katherine (Elithorpe), widow of Rev. Marmaduke Constable. The matrimonial careers of Richard[1] Miles's two older surviving sons, Richard[2] and Samuel[2], were clarified in an article called "Francis Dowse of Boston and his Ten Daughters," supra, 29:164-166. In the present article, these amendments are incorporated in the revised Miles pedigree, and in addition certain corrections are made to earlier accounts of the grandsons of Richard[1] Miles.

Some English records of the Miles family in Hertfordshire are given below. Abstracts of Probate Records and Feet of Fines were made by the Misses Helen Thacker and Freda Podmore of London, for whose help the contributors are grateful. Others who helped the contributors with some of their genealogical problems in England are the Very Rev. Robert Pierce Casey, Ph.D. (A.B., Harvard, 1919), formerly Professor at the University of Cincinnati and at Brown University, now Dean of Sidney Sussex College, Cambridge University; Rev. Nicholas J. Kelly, D.S.H., archivist of St. Edmund's College, Old Hall, co. Hertford; Rev. Charles Edgar Howlett, M.A., former Rector of Great Munden, co. Hertford; Col. William Clement Le Hardy, F.S.A., archivist, County Record Office, Hertford, co. Hertford; and Don José-María de la Concepción-Bosio- Guillermo Fernández de Velasco y

Sforza-Cesarini Balfe y Publicola-Santa Croce, XVIII Duque de Frías, XVIII Conde de Oropesa, XXII Conde de Haro, three times Grandee of Spain. Dr. Casey examined the diary of the Rev. Samuel Ward, S.T.D. (1571/2-1643), a noted pluralist who was among other things Rector of Great Munden from 1616 to 1636, Master of Sidney Sussex College, 1610-1643, and Lady Margaret Professor of Divinity at Cambridge University, 1623-1643 (see Dictionary of National Biography and J. and J.J. Venn, Alumni Cantabrigienses, part 1, 4:334). Dr. Ward's diary is preserved in the Sidney Sussex College Library. It was hoped that the diary might contain mention of his parishioners at Great Munden, but Dr. Casey found it to be an excessively dull document, almost exclusively theological and devotional in content, containing no biographical tidbits whatever. Father Kelly (in the preparatory school of whose college one of the contributors was a student from 1913 to 1915) has most kindly tried to find out what has become of the manorial court rolls of the four manors in the parish of Great Munden. The hamlet of Nasty, in which the Miles family evidently lived (see below) lies a mile and a half northwest of St. Edmund's College. Mr. Howlett contributed the extremely careful and interesting extracts from the Parish Registers of Great Munden. Col. Le Hardy has examined the documents in the County Record Office at Hertford for information on the Miles family of Great Munden. The Duke of Frías very kindly went through the papers of his great-grandfather, Michael William Balfe (1808-1870, for whom see the Dictionary of National Biography and Who's Who in the Theatre), who owned the manor of Rowney in the parish of Great Munden. It was hoped that the papers of this manor might shed some light on the Miles family, but they did not.

The English records are followed by a pedigree in the usual form.

Pedigrees from the De Banco Rolls

(S.S.G.T. Wood, Pedigrees from the De Banco Rolls, temp. Henry VII, reprinted from The Genealogist, p. 101, #286. Easter, 7 Henry VII (1492), membrane 307):

Herts. Thomas Burre and Johanna his wife and Alice Mylys sue Robert Mylys for a fourth part of land in Westmill, the whole of which William Chiperville and Robert Wayte gave to:

John Mylys = Beatrice
John, son & heir =
John, son & heir =
William, son & heir =

John (recte Thomas) Burre = Johanna — Alice Mylys
(plaintiffs) dau. & coheir — dau. & coheir

Adjourned. In a suit on membrane 313 the above plaintiffs recover the remaining three parts of the land against William Squyer and others.

Ibid., p. 111, #320. Michaelmas, 8 Henry VII (1494), membrane 483d:

As in #286, the said Alice Mylys being now married to William Middylton.

Notes to the foregoing: Westmill is a parish which adjoins Great Munden to the north. This pedigree shows that there was a family of "Mylys" (or Miles) in Westmill for a number of generations prior to the reign of Henry VII. Johanna and Alice "Mylys" were evidently young women in 1492-4, perhaps born about 1470-75. At a very rough guess, we may estimate that their great-great-grandfather, the first John "Mylys", was born about 1350-60. The question whether the "Mylys" family of Westmill was ancestral to the Miles or Myles family of the adjoining parish of Great Munden, we leave to future genealogists to answer.

Charter

Charter of John Snowe & Joan his wife of Brawhyng (Braughing), co. Hertford, granting to John Schery (Chery) & William Mylys of Westmelle (Westmill), co. Hertford, a tenement & land in the parish of Westmelle called Teterys Hampstale, between the lands of Lord Laurence Le Graye etc., to be held of fee & services to the chief lord. (Dated) Westmelle 22 July 24 Henry VI (1447). (Muniment Collection, Hertford County Record Office.)

Extracts from the Parish Registers of St. Nicholas's Church, Great Munden, co. Hertford

(Note: The extracts were made by the Rev. Charles Edgar Howlett, M.A., then Rector of Great Munden, in Nov. 1952. Mr. Howlett reported that the Registers began in 1558, but that all entries for the years 1561-1587 and 1624-1626 are missing, those pages having been cut out of the first Register.)

In the Thirty Fifth year of the reign of Queen Elizabeth (1592-3)
"Margaret Mylles wyfe of John Mylles was buryed
the xxviiith day of October" (1593)

In the thirty Ninth year of the reign of Queen Elizabeth (1596-7)
"Richard Myles & Alis Cherrye were maryed
the xviith day of October" (1597)

In the Fortieth year of the reign of Queen Elizabeth (1597-8)
"Joan Myles wyfe of John Myles was buryed
ye xxvth day of Januarye" (1597/8)

Rychard Myles sonne of Rychard Myles & Als
his wyfe was baptyzed the xxviith daye of August" (1598)

In the Forty Third year of the reign of Queen Elizabeth (1600-1)
"John Myles was buryd the syxth daye of Julye" (1601)

An° Dni 1602
"Henrie Miles buried --- 4 of Maie 1602"

An° Domini 1627
"Francis Myles daughter of Richard & Mary Myles baptized at Baldock January 24" (1627/8)

An° Domini 1628
"Alice Myles wyfe of Richard Myles the elder was buryed Septembr 9"

"Francis Myles daughter of Richard Myles the yonger was buryed Septembr 15"

"Richard Myles the elder was buryed ------ October 14"

An° Domini 1629
"Richard Myles ye sonne of Richard Myles & Mary his wyfe was baptyzed October 20"

Extract from the Parish Registers of St. Mary the Virgin's Church, Baldock, co. Hertford

(Note: The Rev. Canon L.P. Smith, M.A., Rector of Baldock, reported that the following was the only Miles entry in the Baldock Registers between 1620 and 1640, and particularly that there was no marriage of a Richard Miles to a Mary ——— in that period.)

1627 Frances Myles daughter of Richard Myles of Great Munden & Mary his wife, baptized 24 January (1627/8).

Pedigree of the Miles Family

1. ? William Miles or Myles of Great Munden, co. Hertford, yeoman, probably lived in the first half of the sixteenth entury. He was taxed 2d. at "Moche Munden" [Great Munden] in the Lay Subsidy of 1545, and was the only member of the Miles family listed in the Subsidy of that parish. A Thomas Chery was taxed 6s. and another Thomas Chery was taxed 14d. in the same Subsidy at "Moche Munden." William Miles or Myles may have descended from the "Mylys" family of Westmill, co. Hertford, whose pedigree is given in the De Banco Rolls, for Great Munden and Westmill are adjoining parishes. No Miles or Myles was listed at Westmill in the Subsidy of 1545, but William Miles (probably our man) and Joan his wife were deforciants in a fine at Westmill in 1556, William Austen and John Chery being querents ["Subsidy Rolls for Hertfordshire, 1545," The Herts Genealogist and Antiquary, 1:327 ("Moche Munden"), 2:276 ("Westmyll"); "Feet of Fines for Hertfordshire," 1556, Michaelmas Term, ibid., 1:249].

Possible children of William Miles or Myles:

2 i. Thomas.
ii. John, the only member of the Miles or Myles family taxed at Great Munden in the Lay Subsidies of 1571, 1588, 1599, and 1601. His first wife, Margaret, was bur. at Great Munden 28 Oct. 1593; his second wife, Joan, was bur. there 25 Jan. 1597/8, and John himself was bur. there 6 July 1601. Administration of the goods, &c., of John Myles late of Great Munden was granted on 6 Feb. 1601/2 to Henry Miles, nephew by the brother of the said deceased (Prerogative Court of Canterbury, Administration Act Book for 1602, folio 107). No recorded children.

2. ? Thomas Miles or Myles of Great Munden, yeoman, may well have been a son of William, No. 1 above. Thomas Miles had a wife Elizabeth, and they conveyed by fine dated Jan. 1569/70 six acres of pasture with appurtenances in Great Munden to Richard Baker of Great Munden, for £40 [Feet of Fines for Hertfordshire, C.P. 25 (2), Bundle 137/2124, Public Record Office, London]. Thomas Miles was not taxed at Great Munden or elsewhere in the neighborhood in the Lay Subsidies of 1571 and later years, and there is no will of Thomas or Elizabeth Miles on file among the regularly calendared records of the Archdeaconry Court of Huntingdon, Hitchin Registry, or in the calendars of the Consistory Court of Lincoln. There may be a will or administration for either or both of them among the uncalendared records in the Probate Registry at Peterborough, where some of the Archdeaconry of Huntingdon probate records have been stowed away. These would be hard to find.

It is not certain that the children here attributed to Thomas and Elizabeth Miles were actually theirs, but it seems likely.

Children (order uncertain):

3 i. Richard, b. ca. 1567-75.
ii. Henry, a bachelor, served as administrator of the estate of his uncle John Myles, 6 Feb. 1601/2; was himself bur. at Great Munden 4 May 1602. He made a will dated 28 Apr. 1602: "My bodye to be buryed in the churchyard of Much Munden. To the poor of Much Munden, 20s. To the poor of Yardley, 5s. To James Myles my brother, £5 at his age of 22 years. To my sisters Emme Miles, Ellen Miles & Elizabeth Miles, 40s. each. To my sister Joane, 20s. The residue of my estate real & personal to Rychard Miles my eldest brother, making him my sole executor. (Witnesses:) William Sell, Ro: Tattersall, scriptor. Proved, 2 Jan. 1602/3 (Archdeaconry Court of Huntingdon, Hitchin Registry, Register 4, folio 226).
iii. James, aged under 22 in Apr. 1602.

iv. Joan, perhaps married by Apr. 1602, since her brother Henry did not mention her surname and left her only 20s., whereas the three other sisters who were spinsters and surnamed Miles received 40s. each.
v. Emme, unmarried in Apr. 1602.
vi. Ellen, unmarried in Apr. 1602.
vii. Elizabeth, unmarried in Apr. 1602.

3. Richard Miles or Myles (? Thomas, ? William) of Great Munden, co. Hertford, yeoman, may well have been born about 1567-1575, and was buried at Great Munden 14 Oct. 1628, testate. He was married at Great Munden, 17 Oct. 1597, to Alice Cherry of that parish, who died five weeks before her husband and was buried at Great Munden 9 Sept. 1628. She may have been a daughter of John Cherry of Great Munden and Katherine Abbott of Little Munden, who received a licence to marry on 19 Feb. 1564/5 [Joseph Foster, London Marriage Licences, 1521-1869, column 272]. Perhaps she was a granddaughter of one or the other Thomas "Chery" who was taxed, together with William Myles (No. 1 above), in the Lay Subsidy of 1545, and perhaps she was descended from the John "Schery" who was co-grantee with William "Mylys" of Westmill in the charter of 1447. Here again, however, we are faced with a lack of confirmatory evidence, for there are no wills or administrations of 15th or 16th century members of the Cherry family of Westmill or Great Munden in the calendared records of the Archdeaconry Court of Huntingdon, Hitchin Registry.

William Cherry of Great Munden, yeoman, may have been a brother of Alice (Cherry) Miles, but in this case also we lack confirmation. William Cherry's will was dated 15 March 1628/9, proved 15 Oct. 1629 [Archdeaconry Court of Huntingdon, Hitchin Registry, Original Will]. He named his wife Ursula (executrix and residuary legatee), son William, son John, son Thomas, daughter Alice, and daughter Ellen; also William Sell, illegitimate child of daughter Alice by William Sell, gentleman, son of John Sell, gentleman, to whom said Alice had been a servant. Witnesses were Richard Baker, William Cherry jun. and John Johnson. The will of Ursula Cherry of Great Munden, widow, late wife of William Cherry the elder, was dated 23 Nov. 1631, proved 2 Aug. 1632 [Archdeaconry Court of Huntingdon, Hitchin Registry, Original Will]. She bequeathed to Edward Howe my son in law, to William Cherry my son in law [stepson], to Alice Cherry now wife of John Lanye; residue to son Thomas Cherry, making him executor, provided he bring up William Sell, son of said Alice Cherry, until his age of 21 years. Witnesses were Robert Hasell and Nathaniel Bray. No members of the Miles family were mentioned in the Cherry wills, but if William

Cherry the elder were a brother of Alice (Cherry) Miles he would have named his unfortunate daughter after his sister Alice.

Margaret Cherry of "Munden" (presumably Great Munden), Herts, married John Fairclough of Weston, co. Hertford, whose will, dated 7 Nov. 1587, was proved 30 Jan. 1587/8. John Fairclough's brother Thomas's daughter Mary married (2) Mr. Thomas Allen, by whom she was the mother of Jane Allen, first wife of Rev. Peter Bulkeley, founder of Concord, Mass. [Donald Lines Jacobus, The Bulkeley Genealogy, 1933, p. 44].

Richard Miles the elder of Great Munden, husband of Alice Cherry, evidently lived in that part of the parish which includes the hamlet of Nasty (1 1/2 miles northwest of the present St. Edmund's College), for he named "my close called Nastie Croft" and "my lands called Nastie field" in his will. He was a prosperous man, as this will shows, and a careful provider for his wife Alice and son Richard. His household was precisely the kind in which we should expect a future pillar of the Puritan community in New Haven to be born; a family of well-to-do yeomen with Puritan leanings.

An abstract of the Will of Richard Miles the elder of Much Munden, co. Herts., yeoman, dated 4 Feb. 1627 [1627/8]: "As I do not consider that the third part of my freehold property will be sufficient to maintain Alice my beloved wife if she survives me, I devise to her all that my parlour, being part of the mansion house wherein I dwell, at the north end. Also I leave to her my little garner orchard on the north side of the said mansion, with liberty of ingress, egress & regress during her widowhood. If she marries again, this bequest shall be void. To the said Alice my wife, my close called Nastie Croft, a close of land and pasture called Marshes of about 3 acres, 2 acres of arable land lying in Nastie field, abutting on my orchard to the east & on Sowles field to the west, 1 acre of arable land in Nastie field between the land of Richard Baker & Richard Cannon, and pieces of arable land in Sowles field purchased by me of John Sell, of 6 acres. The said Alice my wife shall hold such properties for the term of her life on condition that she does not claim any other dower. To the said Alice my wife, £8 yearly during her widowhood, payable by my son Richard Miles & his heirs & representatives in quarterly payments, and my said son Richard shall enjoy the said close called Nastie Croft, the close called Marshes, lands in Nastie field & Sowles field at the death of my said wife. To Alice my said wife, my best cow, all wethers, ewes, lambs and other sheep. To my son Richard, the household stuff in the hall of my mansion house except the chair in which I usually sit which I

give to Alice my wife. To the said Alice my wife, all the rest of the household stuff, and I request her to give some to my kinswoman Ann Shipp who now dwells with me. My wife shall have the use of the chimney in the said hall & fire there as there is no chimney in the said parlour, she paying no allowance for the same. To Richard my son & his heirs for ever, all the rest of my lands, tenements & hereditaments, immediately after my death, also the rest of my goods & chattels, and I make my said son Richard my sole executor." (Signed): Rychard Miles. (Witnesses): William Benn, John Johnson, Marie Johnson. Proved, 22 April 1629, by Richard Miles, son & executor named [Archdeaconry Court of Huntingdon, Hitchin Registry, Original Will].

Only child, baptized at Great Munden:

i. **Richard, bapt. 27 Aug. 1598, the presumed settler in New Haven, Conn.**

(To be continued)

THE RANDALL-LEONARD-BAYLEY RELATIONSHIP

By Mrs. John E. Barclay, F.A.S.G., Whitman, Mass.

In the genealogy, Robert Randall and His Descendants (1909) by William L. Chaffin, page 9, we find the following: "Samuel^3 Randall, b. at Weymouth July 20,1675, son of Thomas^2, Robert^1, married about 1696 Mary Bailey, daughter of Guido of Bridgewater. He died soon after; she married (2) Isaac Leonard."

The Solomon Leonard Genealogy (1896) by Manning Leonard, page 66, states: "Isaac^3 Leonard, eldest son of Isaac^2, Solomon^1, was born in Bridgewater before 1680; married April 16, 1701, Mary, daughter of Guido Bailey who was then widow of Samuel, son of Thomas, Randall, who died as early as 1697."

In a footnote on the same page furnishing data on the Guido Bayley family of Bridgewater, we find the following pertaining to his daughter Mary referred to above: "In 1696 Guido sold his place to his nephew Manasseh Marston of Salem, the selectmen consenting to it, to whom he from age and infirmity had previously applied for assistance; Marston to maintain him and his daughter Mary. He died about 1700." "Mary m. (1) a Randall and m. (2) Isaac Leonard; she conveyed 20 acres of land to her cousin Marston in 1697 who was to take care of her and he conveyed it to Leonard in 1702."

The statement is correct that Isaac Leonard married Mary Randall and is confirmed by the following:

Bridgewater Vital Records [2:315]: Mary Randall of North Purchase and Isaac Leonard, April 16, 1701.

But Mary Randall of North Purchase (now Easton) was not Mary Bayley, daughter of Guido, as will be shown by deeds. Mary Randall may have been, and probably was, the widow of Samuel[3] Randall, but her parentage is unknown. When such broad statements are made without references or an explanation of the possibilities given, they are too often taken for granted; whereas, if the parentage is stated as "unknown," it stimulates further research. Weymouth families and especially those who moved to Taunton North Purchase should be searched for possible parentage of Mary, wife of Samuel Randall and Isaac Leonard. In all probability Mr. Chaffin obtained his data for the Randall family from the Leonard Genealogy which antedated it.

Very little is known about the Guido Bayley family (name usually spelled thus in deeds), the records being most unsatisfactory. We do not know the name of his wife who was the mother of his children, but in his old age he married Ruth (?Retchell)(Gurney) Bundy, widow of John Gurney of Weymouth and Mendon and of John Bundy of Taunton, being the latter's second wife. Guido had no issue by his wife Ruth.

Plymouth Deeds [2:37]: Guido Bayley and wife Ruth for forty pounds conveyed to Manasseh Marston of Salem their homestead, reserving to themselves "the benefits of all our dwelling house and farm land wherein and whereon we now live," dated 13 Oct. 1696 and acknowledged the same day with this Memo: "that whereas Guido Bayley being aged and wanting relief did some time now verbally request the selectmen and overseers of ye poor of ye town of Bridgewater to take care of him and his wife and his estate wherefore further know that we do hereby declare our allowance and approbation of ye bargain and sale within named, as witness our hands. 13 October 1696. Recorded Oct. 31, 1696." (This is the approval of the selectmen referred to in the Solomon Leonard Genealogy.)

Guido Bayley's death is unrecorded. He probably died the latter part of the summer of 1702, as shown by deeds and explained infra [4:139 and 7:182]. We find no record of his wife Ruth's death. The following is the last record found and is in Bridgewater Town Records for 1703: "The Town directed the selectmen to take care of the widow Bayley and keep her in possession of her just rights."

By his first wife Guido had at least five children, but no record of their births has been found and their order of birth is not known:

i. Guido[2], Jr. Of him we find proof in Plymouth Deeds 1:189 (Guido Sr. to "my son Guido Jr.") and 1:364. He probably d. unm. before 28 Mar. 1690, the date of the inventory of his estate (Plymouth Probate, 1:63).

ii. Joseph, was in King Philip's War; probably d. unm., but at what date is unknown. The only reference found is in Bodge (p. 428) where under Bridgewater his nephew Ebenezer Hill appeared as eldest heir to claim his right to veterans' lands.

iii. Ruth, m. about 1683 Ebenezer Hill (no record of marriage found); they had several children recorded in Bridgewater. Guido Bayley Sr. conveyed (Plymouth Deeds, 14:2) to "my daughter Ruth, wife of Ebenezer Hill of Bridgewater.

iv. Elizabeth, m. Bridgewater (V.R. 2:315) 14 Feb. 1692/3 James Harris. Plymouth Deeds, 2:82: Guido Bayley conveyed to "my daughter Elizabeth Bayley" and on the same page, another deed, "Elizabeth Bayley to James Harris of Scituate," with a Memo at the bottom "I Guido Bayley confirm (the same) unto my daughter Elizabeth Bayley now wife of James Harris," and acknowledged by him 18 Nov. 1696; recorded 6 May 1697.

v. Mary, never married; no death record has been found. We know she was still living 12 Apr. 1725, date of deed (19:168) recorded 18 Nov. 1725.

The following deeds contain proof in regard to Mary Bayley. Plymouth Deeds, 2:78: Guido Bayley Sr. of Bridgewater "to my daughter Mary Bayley singlewoman, 25 acres of unbroken upland belonging to my farm," dated 25 Nov. 1687; recorded 29 April 1697.

Deed 2:79: Mary Bayley conveyed to Manassah Marston 29 April 1697, the land her father gave her by the above deed. Thus, she could not have married Samuel[3] Randall about 1696 as stated in the Randall Genealogy. This deed 2:79, and the deed 2:37 by her father and his wife Ruth were for their care and maintenance as referred to in the footnote quoted previously herein.

Deed 4:139: Manassah Marston of Salem sold to Isaac Leonard Sr. (not Junior) a parcel of land in Bridgewater, 25 acres, for £30, being land which Guido Bailey [sic] had bequeathed to his daughter Mary, together with two 10-acre divisions...dated 15 Sept. 1702.

Deed 7:182: Manassah Marston and wife Mercy sold to Richard Davenport and to Joseph Pratt all that farm and late dwelling house that was Guido Bailey's "and now mine as per deed of 13 October 1696"....dated 9 October 1702.

From these two deeds we know that Guido Bayley died near 15 Sept. 1702 and the land that Mary Bayley had conveyed to Manasseh Marston he now deeded to Isaac Leonard Sr. for the sum of £30. From the footnote in the Leonard book we were led to believe that it was transferred to Isaac Jr., supposed husband of Mary, but

such was not the case as shown by a later deed. Evidently her care and maintenance were transferred from her cousin Manasseh Marston to Isaac Leonard Sr., for the property at the above sum.

When Guido sold this land to his daughter, there was a Memo at the bottom of the deed, "whereas it is expressed in the 13, 14 and 15th lines....ye satisfaction for wood and timber during the time of Guido Bayley's natural life and his wife's, it is understood concerning his wife only during the time of her widowhood." And we know that the deed [2:37] by Guido and wife Ruth reserved all rights to them for life. This explains why the Bridgewater Town Records warn in 1703 that the widow's rights are to be protected.

We learn from Plymouth Deeds [19:168] that Mary Bayley was still unmarried and hence not the wife of Isaac Leonard Jr. in 1701. "Mary Bayley of Bridgewater, singlewoman, for and in consideration of a valuable sum of money to me in hand to my satisfaction paid by Joseph Leonard of Bridgewater son of Isaac deceased have sold him all that my right and interest to the land that I have may or ought to have in Bridgewater by heirship or any other way whether divided or undivided together with all the privileges and appurtenances"; dated 12 April 1725, acknowledged 12 April 1725; recorded 18 Nov. 1725.

This date, 12 April 1725, is the last we have for any record of Mary Bayley. It seems to be implied by these deeds that after the death of her father, her cousin Manasseh Marston transferred her care and maintenance to Isaac Leonard Sr., and when Isaac died, his son Joseph Leonard took over the responsibility and was to receive any lands to which she might be entitled. It seems probable that she died shortly before 18 Nov. 1725, the date when the deed was recorded.

And so we must look elsewhere for Mary, wife of Samuel Randall and of Isaac Leonard. I would suggest that there may be an element of truth in the statement that Mary was a daughter of Guido Bayley, for there is a possibility that she was his stepdaughter, Mary Gurney. We find no record of her death as Mary Gurney and no record of her marriage, yet we know that she was living as late as 1693 and at that time unmarried. There is strong circumstantial evidence favoring this possibility, and the following is submitted as a basis for further research by those interested.

Mary Gurney's birth is not on record, but she must have been born by 1673 and thus of the right age to be the wife of Randall and Leonard. She was daughter of John Gurney of Weymouth and Mendon, Mass., who was killed by the Indians in 1675 in Mendon, by his wife Ruth

(?Ratchell); see Annals of Mendon, p. 76, "Mrs. Gurney's maiden name was Rachel"; the name is also written Ratchell. Besides the daughter Mary, John and Ruth Gurney had two sons: John, who bought land in 1693 of John Porter near Guido Bailey's, and sold it in 1696 when he is called "of Providence, R.I."; and Samuel, who was born 14 Mar. 1671 and married [printed Boston V.R., p. 130] 26 Oct. 1693 Sarah Shapley [this is an error for Staples], who was the widow of John Staples and must have been almost twice his age.

The widow Ruth Gurney married second, as second wife, John Bundy of Taunton, Mass., by whom she had three sons recorded in Taunton, two of whom can be traced to maturity, the third probably died young. After the death of John Bundy in 1681, we find the widow Ruth has married Guido Bayley, as shown by deeds already quoted and further confirmed by a Suffolk Deed [23:168] dated 12 Sept. 1693 wherein John Gurney, Samuel Gurney and their sister Mary Gurney, all of Bridgewater, with the consent of their mother sold to Ephraim Thayer of Braintree land in Mendon. This deed was acknowledged by John and Samuel Gurney 20 Sept. 1693 and by Mary Gurney and her mother Ruth Bailey in person 25 Nov. 1693.

Thus we know that Mary Gurney was unmarried 25 Nov. 1693 and living in Bridgewater, probably in the Guido Bayley family. She could very well be the Mary who married Isaac Leonard Jr. in 1701 as the widow of Samuel Randall of Weymouth and Easton. Both of her brothers died without issue: Samuel Gurney in 1717 in his will [Plymouth Probate, 4:36] names his wife and stepson and 5 s. to brother John, but does not mention sister Mary. John died in 1723 according to Austin's Gen. Dict. of Rhode Island, p. 75 under Field, probably in Providence, but no probate is mentioned.

According to the Leonard Genealogy, Isaac Leonard and wife Mary were living in Easton in 1713 as shown by deeds but in 1726 they sold their homestead there to Eliphalet Leonard. The following year they were "of Mendon" when they bought of John Adams of Pomfret, Conn., 132 acres in that town, to which they removed. They bought other lands there, but 9 Feb. 1735/6 sold out to Isaac Parks and "no further trace of him or his family can be found." Possibly a more thorough search of Pomfret land records, or a more general search, will furnish further data. The items we have given above suggest a possible identity and parentage for Mary, wife of Samuel Randall and Isaac Leonard.

ROWLAND ROBINSON BIBLE RECORD

Contributed by Ralph E. Boyce, Esq., of Nassau, N.Y.

The Bible of Rowland Robinson of South Kingston, R.I., was printed at Edinburgh by Mark and Charles Kerr, His Majesty's Printers, in 1793. Rowland[3] Robinson (1719-1806) was son of Deputy Governor William[2] Robinson and grandson of Rowland[1] Robinson.

In 1806 the Bible was apparently bought by Peleg Gardner of South Kingston, whose second wife was Hannah Clarke, a niece of Rowland Robinson. Their daughter, Hannah Gardner, married Robert Morey, son of Hazard and Susannah (Collins) Morey. The Morey family came from Stonington, Conn., about 1805, to New Lebanon, Columbia Co., N.Y., and about 1830 settled on a farm near Nassau, Rensselaer Co., N.Y. It appears that the Bible probably came to Nassau in 1839 after the death of Hannah (Robinson) Gardner, wife of Peleg Gardner. It remained at Nassau until 1898, when it came to Nettie E. Morey in Brooklyn, N.Y., a daughter of Peleg Gardner Morey, who married James S. Morey, a descendant of the Dutchess Co., N.Y., Moreys. Her son, Gardner L. Morey of Flushing, N.Y., now has the Bible. So far as my information goes, the records in this Bible have never been published.

(Inside of front cover)

Rowland Robinson and Anstis his wife was
marryed 3 of November in the year 1741

Our Dafter Hannar Robinson Was Born
the 10 Day of May in the yeare 1746 Old Stile

(Back of Title Page)

xxx? Bible Bot of the estate (at Vendue) of the late
Rowland Robinson Esq. deceased. The 12th day of May 1806

Peleg Gardner Born the 24th of November 1750

Was Married to Izabel Watson 26th of October 1773 born 7th may
1753
Their Issue are 1st John W. Gardner born y mo d
August the 11th 1774--Departed 7 September 1778 Aged 4 1 10

2: Ezekiel W. Gardner Born the 7 of October 1776---3 Dorcas
Gardner born the 5 of July 1778---4: Isabel born 10th May 1780
died 21st Janny 1781---5th Isabel Born 12 August 1784

My beloved Wife Isabel departed this life the 19 of March 1785
She was born 7 May 1753--her age at her death was 31 years 10m
19 da and was the daughter of John & Isabel Watson of South

Kingston.

Peleg Gardner was Married to his 2nd Wife Hannah Clarke
daughter of Latham & Martha Clarke of South Kingston who was
Born 19th of April 1760. Married 26 of October 1791

Issue----1st Martha Clarke Gardner Born 18th September 1795
2nd Hannah Clarke Gardner, Born 3rd of June 1798
3rd Maryann Gardner Born November 15th 1800

Dorcas Gardner Dyed April 21st 5th hour in the morning 1818
apoplex
Peleg Gardner departed this life April 21st 8 hour in evening
1818 Dropsie
Martha C. Gardner departed this life Dec. 19th 1837 Aged 42 3 1 (y mo d)
Hannah Gardner departed june 13 1839
aged 79 years 1 month and 25 days

(At the End of the Old Testament)

My honored father William Robinson Departed this Life the
19 of September 1751 aged 57 years 7 months 24 days

My Mother
Martha Robinson the Wife of William Robin
son Departed this life November 1725

My Father William Robinson Departed this Life
the 19 of September in the year 1751 and A
ged fifty seven years seven Months and twenty
four Days

My Dafter Hannah Robinson Departed this
Life the 30 of October in the year 1773 and
Aged 27 years five months and 9 Days

My Wife Anstis Robinson Departed this life
the 24 Day of December in the year 1773

My Dafter Mary Robinson Departed this life
the 5 Day of April in the yeare 1777 and Aged
twenty five years seven Months and 2(8)? Days

My Son William Departed this Life the
29 Day of October 1804 Eaged 45 Years

My Well Beloved Brother John Robinson
Departed this Life the 5 Day of October 1739

My Sister Martha Clarke Departed
this Life the 7 Day of September in year 1760

Rowland Robinson Departed this
Life Febuary the 8 In the Year of
Our Lord 1806 Aged 86 Years &
Four Months

(Sheet pasted in Bible at end of Old Testament)

Latham Clarke and Martha Robinson were married 4th
Mo-- 17th D 1744
Mary their daughter was born 12th M 22nd 1746
Mary their daughter was born 9th Mo 11th 1748
Lewis Latham- their Son was born 3rd mo 8th 1749
Samuel their Son was born 6th Mo 22nd 1752
Lewis Latham their Son was born 6th Mo-- 3rd 1754
A Son born and died 10th Mo 2nd 1755
Martha their daughter was born 9th Mo 1756
Elizabeth their daughter was born 6th Mo 14th 1758
Hannah their daughter was born 4th Mo-- 19th 1760
Latham Clarke Departed this life 5th Mo-- 1760
Martha his wife departed this life 9th Mo-- 7th 1760
Mary Niles their daughter departed this life 5th Mo 11th 1774
Aged 25 years 11 months and twenty Days
Elizabeth Clarke their daughter departed this life 9th Mo 31st
1777 Aged 19 years two months & 17 days
Lewis Latham Clarke departed this life 10th Mo 9th 1824
Aged 70 years 4 months and 6 Days
Peleg Gardner departed this life April 21st 1818
Aged 67 years 4 months 27 days
Hannah Clark who departed this life June 13th 1839
Aged 79 years 1 month and 25 days
Peleg Gardner and Hannah Clark (his second wife)
was married Oct. 26th 1791 had children
Martha C. Gardner born Sept. 18th 1795 died Dec. 19th 1837
Hannah Robinson Gardner born June 3rd 1798
Mary Ann Gardner born Nov. 15th 1800
Robert Morey (son of Hazard & Susannah More) and Hannah
R Gardner was married May 5th 1828 had children
Feb 12th 1830 a Son born lived but a few hours
Oct 26th 1831 had a Daughter named Hannah C Morey
November 9th 1833 our daughter Hannah C Morey
Expired aged 2 years & 14 days
March 3rd 1835 a son Hazard Robert Morey Born
December 13th 1838 a son Peleg Gardner Morey Born
March 29th 1867
Hannah R (wife of Robert Morey) expired aged 68 years 9 months
25 Days
Robert Morey died March 24 1889
Peleg Gardner Morey died Nov. 15, 1898
Robert Hazard Morey married Frances S. C. Harrison
Mch 10, 1863 had children Robert Willett Aug. 1866 Edmond
born Dec. 4, 1868. Edmond died Apr 12, 1869. Frances Morey
died May 3, 1888. Robert Hazard Morey married Sarah
Holland Dec. 1889. Sarah Holland Morey died Aug.
Peleg Gardner Morey married Lydia Robinson Oct 9, 1860. They
had children Nettie Estelle born April 12, 1863. Frederick
Robinson born July 1, 1869 and Fannie H. born Mch 4, 1873
Lydia R. Morey died Mch 11, 1873; Gardner Morey married
Caroline Macy Feb. 27, 1878. Caroline Macy died in Oct. 1889.
Nettie Estelle married James S. Morey July 17, 1890. Their
children Gardner Levi born Apr 3, 1895. Helen Huldah born
Sept 12, 1897

(On 2nd sheet pasted in Bible at end of Old Testament)
(Records of the Morey family from 1897 to 1954, omitted)

(One side of loose sheet in Bible, probably 125 to 150 years old)

My grandfather Rowland Robinson was born in Cumberland in old England near a place called Long-bruff or Long-bruth about the year 1654. He came to this Country in 1675.

My father William Robinson was born the 26 of 1st mo 1693 as the style now is. And died the 19 of 9mo 1751.

Rowland Robinson, his eldest son, was born 10th mo 1719
John, born 7th mo 3rd 1721 died 17 years old
Mary born 1 mo 27: 1723-- died young
Elizabeth, born 6 mo 16: 1724
Martha, born 11 mo 11: 1725

The above were the children of his first wife Mary Potter daughter of John Potter Esqr of So Kingston whom he married in the year 1718

He afterwards married Abigail Hazard, a young widow, the daughter of William Gardner Esqr of South Kingston by whom he had

First Christopher, born 12 mo 31st 1727
William, born 8 mo 1st 1729
Thomas, born 1st mo 25: 1731
Abigail, born 12 mo 19: 1732
Sylvester born 1 mo: 24:1735
Mary, born 10 mo: 8 1736
James born 12 mo: 31: 1738
John, born 1st mo 13: 1743

Signed Thos Robinson

(Other side of loose sheet in Bible)

I have heard aunt Hazard say that our great grandfather Rowland Robinson married Mary Allen-- a woman distinguished for understanding & worth. I believe her mothers maiden name was Bacon of Barnstable, Massachusetts.

Our great grandfather left two sons and I think Some daughters His second son John left four daughters who were brought up in our Grandfathers family and married from his house---one of them Mary married a Hazard. another another married a Babcock. One of our grandfathers Sisters married a Mumford of New london & was the mother of James Mumford. Another married a Brown & was the mother of Thomas Brown a third married a Barton of Warwick & was the mother of Rowland & Rufus Barton--I do not recollect who the fourth married M Ro Morton

SHAY BIBLE RECORDS

Communicated by Kenneth R. Brown, Boston, Mass.

The following records were found in the Family Bible belonging to Simeon and Phebe (Shay) Lewis, who moved from Sandyston, Sussex Co., N.J., to Susquehanna Co., Penn., about 1838. They look as though they may have been copied from an older Bible.

Timothy Shav &) Entered) Jan 19th
Mary Drake) the State)
of holy matrimony Jan 19th
Anno domini 1778

Births

Timothy Shay B Oct 26 1756
Mary Drake B Aug 20th 1739 (Note: error for 1759)
Phebe Shav P March 4 1779
Elizibeth Shay march 26 1781
Phebe Shay Nov. 29 1782
David Shay febth 25 1785
Ephraim Shay feb 11th 1787
Joshua Shay febth 17 1789
Sarah Shay Jan 9th 1791.
John Shay Dec 9 1793
Mary Shay June 27 1795
Ruth Shay Aug 20 1797
Osee Shay Nov 5 1799
Hannah Shay Jan 13 1802
Benjamin Shay Jan 22 1804
Mary Drake Died Mrc th26 1824
Phebe Shay died aged 18 months
David Shay died Dec th20 1874
Ephraim Shay died June 18th 1857
Joshua Shay died march th15 1858

(On second page)

Joshua Shay &) Entered
Experience Ogden) the State
of holy matrimony Oct.th8
Anno domini 1809

Joshua Shay &) Entered
Experience Yongs) the State
of holy matrimony Dec th2
Anno domini 1838

Jepth C Shay &) Entered
Lucinda Leuis) the State
of holy matrimony Oct 15th
Anno domini 1836

Isiah V Shay &) I V Shay &
Sarah Yongs) Buchild Yongs
Entered the State
of holy matrimony
(Note: no date given; 8 Mar.1842, see The Christian Intelligencer, 19 Mar. 1842, vol.xii, no.607)

Joshua Shay B Feb th17 1789
Experience Ogden B Oct th31 1788

Timothy Diah Shay B Nov th5 1810
Phebe Shay B July th4 1813 (m. 29 May 1830 Simeon Lewis)

Jeptha C Shay B July th4 1815
Biah V Shay B mar th25 1818 (prob. "Isiah V")
Hannah Shay B July th14 1824

Experience Shay
Departed this life
Nov th15 1837
Hannah Witney
Died feb th2 1849
Joshua Shay
died march th15 1858

PAUL FAMILY RECORD

Communicated by Kenneth R. Brown, Boston, Mass.

The paper on which the following items were written was found by me on the floor of Colesworthy's Book Store, Cornhill, Boston. It may have come from one of the several old Bibles on a shelf in the same area. The handwriting appears to be contemporary with the records, and the family seems to have lived in Newmarket, New Hampshire.

Page 1 (On this page some of the Paul names are written several times without dates, also Newmarket is written several times, and once NewMarket Newhampshire, under which appears:)
Amos Paul Wos Born June th25 - 1756
Margery Paul Wos Born febuary th2 - 1755
Amos Paul Wos Born June 25th
Margery Paul Wos Born feb 1756
2 1755

Page 2 Nathaniel Paul Wos Born March 8th 1781
William Paul Wos Born May 28th 1785
Samuel Paul Wos Born September 7th 1789
Amos Paul Wos Born April 29th 1792
Temple Paul Wos Born october 15th 1794
Saly Paul Wos Born august th30 1778
Susannah Paul Wos Born April 29th 1783
Anna Paul Wos Born July 24th 1787

(Upside down on page 2)

A Record
of the age; of my
Self and Wife and
Chilldren
June 13th 1797
TUSDAY

UPDIKE BIBLE RECORD

Communicated by H. Minot Pitman, A.B., LL.B., F.I.A.G.

The following was, as it says, "Taken from the Bible 15 Sept. 1814 J. M. Noyes". The matter in parentheses is in addition to the old Bible record.

John Updike married Ann Crawford Nov. 13, 1760
(He was son of Richard and Hannah (Eldred) Updike; she was daughter of John and Abijah (Bowen) Crawford)

A Daughter still born Aug. 1761

Mary born Monday May 30 1763

John Crawford born Tuesday April 30 1765

Sarah born Tuesday June 9 1767 (d. Cuba, 12 June 1813; m. William Scott Jenckes)

Richard Eldridge born Friday April 7 1769 (m. Mary Soule, 16 Aug. 1795—moved West)

Ann born Thursday Sept. 19 1771 5 O'Clock morning (d. 13 Nov. 1833; m. Isaac Pitman, 23 Nov. 1806)

Daniel born Tuesday May 16 1774

James born Friday May 18 1776 (buried 15 July 1776)

Abijah born Friday May 18 1776 (m. John Miller Noyes, 31 Aug. 1806; it was he who copied this record)

A son born Sept. 20 1780 - lived only one day

A son born Aug. 25 1782 —— — died Sept. 11 1782

John Crawford born May 22d 1785 (had one son George)

John Crawford Died Aug. 7 1782 (This is not the father of Ann (Crawford) Updike; unidentified)

James ——— died. it dont say when

Mrs. Ann Updike died Sept. 15 1788. aged 45 years

Mary ——— Died Dec. 10 1790

Elizabeth Updike daughter of Richd Updike Died at Providence —— (no date)

Capt. John Updike died January 3d 1804 aged 74 years

Notes by H. Minot Pitman

The children of John Miller and Abijah (Updike) Noyes were:
John Updike, m. Frances, dau. of Daniel Updike.
Ann Crawford, m. Joshua Spooner.
Mary, d. unm.
Sarah, m. Lucius M. Wooley.
Samuel M., m. Joanna Castile "of Rio Grande."
Emily, d. young.
William Richmond, d. unm.

William Scott Jenckes and his wife Sarah Updike had several children including Petrona Ximeno, Joanna Ximeno, and Victoria Ximeno. They lived at Matanzas, Cuba.

John Updike Noyes had four children, John, Isaac, Mary, and (Emily?).

Joshua Spooner who married Ann Crawford Noyes had four or five children including Emily.

Lucius M. Wooley who married Sarah Noyes had two sons, Lucius and Nicholas Brown.

Samuel Miller Noyes who married Joanna Castile had two children including Joanna.

The above notes are in the handwriting of Isaac Pitman, son of the Isaac Pitman who married Anne Updike of the Bible record, with a few additions by his son Stephen Minot Pitman, found with the Bible record.

THE WIFE OF CLEMENT QUITERFIELD

By Frederick W. Wead, A.B., M.Arch., Boston, Mass.

Clement[1] Quiterfield was an early settler in Colchester, Conn., owning a home lot as early as 1702. At the time of his death in late 1723, according to the inventory of his estate taken 7 Jan. 1723/4 [Hartford Probate District, File #4417, State Library], he owned a 42-acre home lot, two 50-acre lots, 4 acres of meadow and a 44-acre interest in undivided lands for a valuation of £412-0-0. His net personal estate, after deduction of debts, was £87-0-10.

His children by Priscilla, born Colchester:

i. Benjamin, b. 11 Apr. 1704; d. Colchester, 8 Aug. 1771; m. Colchester, 11 July 1728, Eunice[3] Kellogg.
ii. Richard, b. 27 Sept. 1706; d. Colchester, 1747; m. Colchester, 1 Mar. 1732, Lydia[3] Cripen.
iii. Elizabeth, b. 3 Jan. 1709; m. Colchester, 27 Jan. 1728, John[4] Douglas. See The American Genealogist, 27:212.

iv. John, b. 3 Sept. 1711; last found in Lanesboro, Mass., in 1771, when he and wife were admitted to the church; m. Colchester, 7 Dec. 1733, Elizabeth[5] Kilbourn.

Widow Priscilla married second, Colchester, about 1731, as second wife, Charles Williams, and third, Colchester, 29 May 1749, as second wife, Nathaniel[2] Kellogg, whom she survived.

Priscilla was the daughter of Benjamin[2] Collins and his second wife, Elizabeth (Leach) Putnam, born Lynn, Mass., 2 May 1679. This is proved by the following deeds in the Essex County Registry.

Vol. 38, p. 119. 21 Dec. 1720. Benjamin Collins and wife Elizabeth, Clement Quitfield and wife Priscilla, and Sarah Adams, all of Colchester, Conn., gave power of attorney to Thomas Adams of Colchester and Samuel Lord of Saybrook.

Vol. 40, p. 186. 28 Dec. 1720. Thomas Adams and Samuel Lord for selves and as attorneys for the above sold to Samuel Collins, gunsmith, of Lynn, 3/4 of several pieces of land (about 37 acres in all) of the estate of Benjamin Collins Jr., mentioning the dower rights of widow Sarah Collins and 1/4 interest of Daniel Brown.

Vol. 103, p. 249. 9 Nov. 1750. Nathaniel Kellogg of Colchester and wife Priscilla (a daughter of Benjamin Collins) sold her right in estate of Benjamin Collins Jr., to Benjamin Quitefield.

Vol. 103, p. 253. 17 Dec. 1756. A similar deed from Thomas Adams and wife Sarah of Coventry to Benjamin Kitterfield.

Vol. 103, p. 249. 6 Jan. 1756/7. Daniel Brown of Lyme, Conn., rights in estate of Uncle Benjamin Collins to Benjamin Quittefield.

Vol. 103, p. 249. 2 Apr. 1757. Benjamin Quittefield of Colchester sold 3/4 of lands (about 15 acres) set out to Sarah Collins, widow of Benjamin Collins Jr., to Zaccheus Collins, gunsmith of Lynn.

Vol. 39, p. 59. 28 Dec. 1720. Thomas Adams, husbandman, and Samuel Lord, feltmaker, as attorneys to Daniel Bartlett and wife Susanna of New Haven, Clemense Chetefield and wife Priscilla, and Sarah Adams of Colchester, sell to Robert Gray of Lynn about 5 acres in 6th lot, 1st range, 4th division. This was endorsed 23 Mar. 1720/1 by Sarah Collins, widow of Benjamin Collins Jr.

Susanna Bartlett was a daughter of Benjamin Collins by his first wife Priscilla Kirtland and widow of Samuel[3] Lord of Saybrook. Priscilla Quiterfield and Sarah Adams were daughters of Benjamin by his second wife, Elizabeth (Leach) Putnam. Daniel Brown was the son of

another sister, Elizabeth, who married at Colchester, 12 May 1713, Samuel Brown and died 2 July 1714. Benjamin Collins, Jr., was a brother who although married died without issue.

The descendants of Clement and Priscilla Quiterfield seem to be through the female members of the family. Benjamin^2 had Jacob^3 who married Elizabeth Kilbourn; only one of their children married—Eunice^4 to Hugh Stephens; and Eunice^3 who married Noah Clark; their only child was Hannah^4 who married Simon Cone. Richard^2 had Abner^3 who married Esther Dunham of Sharon, but had no issue; and Lydia^3 who married Stephen Jackson of Sharon. John^2 had only one daughter who survived, Sarah who married Jacob Wead and left numerous descendants. Elizabeth^2 (Mrs. Douglas) had several children who married.

DANIEL^4 SMITH OF LYME, CONN.

By Robert R. Buell, Esq., Prairie du Sac, Wisconsin

The families of Richard^3 and John^3, sons of Richard^2 Smith of Lyme, have been treated previously in this journal, in which account [supra, 25:140] Richard^3 is given two wives: Elizabeth Lay, who died 3 Apr. 1690, and Elizabeth (——) Harris, widow of William Harris. Mr. Jacobus, however, indicates that the fifth child, Daniel, born 15 Apr. 1692, was, perhaps, by an interim wife. Indeed, he was, Daniel being her only Smith child, and she being an undiscovered daughter of Robert Wade, sr., of Norwich. Since the Smith family of Roxbury, Conn., were descendants of this Daniel, this discovery should be of interest.

One piece of evidence has already been published in this journal [supra, 22:261], in which Daniel Smith of Lyme on 6 July 1703 as "son of Richard Smith deceased of Lyme with Concent of my mother in law [i.e., stepmother] Elizabeth Smith and my uncle John Lay, overseers of the estate of Richard Smith, binds himself apprentice to Thomas Lee Juner of Lyme to the age of 21." This identifies Elizabeth (——) Harris, the last wife and surviving widow of Richard^3 Smith, as stepmother of Daniel Smith; and since his birth year was recorded as 1692, two years after the recorded death of Richard's first wife, it is proved that Richard did have an interim second wife.

Her identity, but not her given name, is proved by a court action of heirs of Robert Wade [New London County Court Records, 8:133] and by two deeds in Say-

brook. These had been noted by the late Mrs. Elisha E. Rogers of Norwich in her manuscripts now owned by the Connecticut Historical Society in Hartford and came to the attention of Prof. Claude W. Barlow in his study of the Cross family.

The court proceeding relates to the claim of Aaron Clark and his wife Susanna [only child of Robert Wade jr.] to 2/5 of certain land belonging to the estate of Robert Wade of Saybrook, Daniel Smith of Lyme being entitled to 1/5, and Jonathan Gennings's wife to 1/5. The action was dated 29 Nov. 1713, and the reason the remaining fifth was not mentioned is explained by the fact that the other heir had already sold. On 25 June 1703 [Saybrook Land Records, 2:96], Peter Cross with consent of wife Mary "the only surviving child of said Robert Wade being the only heirs to said land" as Mrs. Rogers copied it, sold what was actually only a fifth share. We may note that the early sale by Mary (Wade) Cross netted her only £3. 10s. plus 100 pounds of good iron, whereas the other heirs in the later deed netted £10 per share.

The later deed [Saybrook Land Records, 2:402], dated 18 Feb. 1713/14, was given by Aaron Clarke of Lebanon, Daniel Smith of Lyme, and Richard Abbe as attorney for Jonathan Gennings of Windham, for £40, to Mr. Samuell Chapman of Say-Brook, of land at Pochauge, 4/5 of that 60 acres laid out to the Estate of Robert Wade Dec^{d}; Clarke sells 2/5, Daniel Smith 1/5, and Richard Abbe 1/5. This deed, in connection with the Court case, and the previous deed, identifies the four surviving children of Robert Wade sr. as Robert jr. [m. at Norwich, 11 Mar. 1690/1 and d. 1696 leaving an only child, Susannah, b. Jan. 1691/2, m. Aaron Clarke of Lebanon]; Mary, m. Peter Cross of Windham; Susanna, m. Jonathan Gennings, Ginnings or Jennings of Windham; and another daughter, name unknown, who was second wife of Richard Smith of Lyme, since she was mother of his son Daniel.

The records consulted fail to identify John Wade of Lyme who died 24 Mar. 1728, whose will calls him "under the decays of old age," and whose wife was Elizabeth Durant. Research is indicated to ascertain (a) the given name of Miss Wade who married Richard Smith, and (b) the identity of John Wade of Lyme.

As a footnote to the above, it may be said that Richard Abbe, who acted as attorney for Jonathan Gennings sr., had married his daughter Mary Jennings on 16 Nov. 1703 in a double wedding with Jonathan Jennings jr. and Hannah Abbe.

THE WILL OF WILLIAM DENNIS OF SCITUATE, MASS.

By Gerald James Parsons, M.S.(L.S.), F.A.S.G., Rochester, N.Y.

The will of William Dennis of Scituate, Mass., is in print in two sources, The Mayflower Descendant, v. 14, p. 113, and in Wilford J. Litchfield's The Litchfield Family in America, part 1, no., 1, Oct. 1901, pp. 18-19. However, if one does not have access to these books or is unaware that the will is to be found there, he will find a most confusing picture when he consults such obvious sources as The England Historical and Genealogical Register, Savage's Genealogical Dictionary..., and Pope's The Pioneers of Massachusetts. This discovery was made when Mrs. Jessie Howard Steitz of Rochester, N.Y., asked me to help her determine whether Judith, wife of Lawrence[1] Litchfield, was the daughter of William[1] Dennis. After reading the various accounts, I could understand why she was uncertain.

The early genealogists were unable to decide whether Judith, wife of Lawrence Litchfield, was the daughter of William Dennis, apparently because the abstract of Dennis's will given in the New England...Register, v.5, p. 335, is incorrect, and he did not state any relationship to the Litchfield children to whom he left bequests. The Register states: "William Dennis, (Scituate,) Will dated Feb. 16, 1649. To his wife Judith, who he made executor. To his son-in-law, Wm. Parker. To Remember, Dependence, and Experience Leichfield. Witnessed by Hatherly and Cudworth." Savage in v. 2, p. 39, under William Dennis, quotes the Register and adds that Judith, wife of Lawrence Litchfield, was "d. [aughter] of his [William's] w.[ife] no doubt, yet there may be doubt, whether any ch.[ildren] of his m. [arried] Parker or Litchfield." In v. 3, pp. 98-99, under Lawrence Litchfield he states that Litchfield d. [ied] 1650 at S.[cituate] and his wid.[ow] Judith, perhaps d.[aughter] of William Dennis of Scituate, m.[arried] that yr. William Peaks." Pope in his Pioneers of Massachusetts, p. 136, gives an abstract of Dennis's will correctly (except that he calls William Peakes, William "Parker"), but gives as his reference the incorrect abstract in the Register, 5:335. On page 288, under Lawrence Litchfield, he states that Litchfield's wife Judith was daughter of William Dennis and married after his death William Peakes. Thus Pope, with the one exception, was correct, but his reference to the Register was most confusing, leaving an aura of uncertainty. I suggested that Mrs. Steitz obtain from Plymouth a copy of the will. This she did, and she presented me with a copy of the photostat (from which the following copy is taken), with permission to reproduce

it here. It will be seen that Judith is actually called Dennis's daughter, that "Parker" is a misreading for Peakes, and that "wife Judith" does not appear.

The last Will and Testament of William Dennis of Scittuat exhibited att the court holden att Plymouth the fift of march 1656 and ordered to bee recorded
In the Name of God Amen I Willam Dennis of Scittuate being in prfect memory although weake in body Doe by these presents make my last will and Testament the sixteenth day of ffebruary 1649 in manor following viz
Impr mis
I bequeath my soule to god that gaue it and my body to the Dust to bee buried att the usuall buring place in a Decent manor; and my goods in manor following; I giue and bequeath unto Remember Leichfeild Dependance Leichfeild and Experience Leichfeild my blacke Cow which is now in the hands of James Cudworth equally to them to bee Devided and to bee kept for theire use with halfe the profitt of the said Cow untill they the said Remember Leichfeild Dependance Leichfeild and Experience Lei hfeild shall come to age or bee married and if either of them Die in the mean time then the cow and the encrease of her shall redound unto the Survivers: the rest and resedue of my goods my Debts being payed and my body Decently buried I giue and bequeath unto my son in law Willam Peakes and my Daughter Judith his wife whom I make sole exequitor and exequitrix, Intreating mr Timothy hatherly James Cudworth and Thomas Pincsin to see the Cow formerly mencioned with the increase to bee ordered for the best advantage of the Children; and giueing them power together with my son in law William Peakes soe to Doe; In Witnesse wherof I have hereunto sett my hand and Seale the Day and yeare aboue written
Signed Dealed
in the presence of the marke of
Mr Timothy Hatherly C M his seale
James Cudworth William Dennis
[Plymouth County Registry of Deeds, Plymouth Colony Records, Wills, v. 2, p. 35.]

1. William Dennis of Scituate, Mass., was a resident of that town as early as 1642. His wife's name is unknown and little is known about him. He is stated by some authorities to be the William Dennis, shoemaker, who was granted land 4 March 1638/9 at Plymouth and who on 24 March 1638/9 bought land in Plymouth from Richard Clough, which he sold 5 Oct. 1640 [Records of the Colony of New Plymouth..., 1:115; Deeds, 1:42, 63-4]; but since his son William lived at Plymouth, it seems more likely that these records refer to him.

Children:

i. William, b. (say) 1615; resided at Plymouth, but returned to England about 1640, and is not mentioned in his father's will. "The xxijth March 1642. MEMORAND That Whereas Willm̄ Dennis of Plymouth before his going into England about a yeare and a half since did authorize and assigne John Winslow of Plymouth aforsd̄ to receiue as such Debts and sums of money as were due & oweing vnto him here in New England And whereas also since by his lr̄es beareing date the xijth of November 1642 directed to the said John Winslow and another of the same date directed to Willm̄ Dennis of Scittuate his Naturall father hath giuen further power that the said John Winslow should assigne and make ouer the said Debts vnto the said Willm̄ Dennis the father for such sum̄e as he should agree wth him for so that it was not vnder twenty markes Now the said John Winslow by vertue of the said lr̄es hath assigned and made ouer the said Debts unto the said Willm̄ Dennis the father for the sum̄e of sixteene pounds. And the said Willm̄ Dennis the father in consideracōn that the said John Winslow shall pay the said sixteene pounds in Beaver to Willm̄ his sonn and pay him xj^{t} more in manner & forme following that is to say vj^{li} by a Cowe xxx^{s} by a Bill to Georg Lewis of Barnestable and iij^{t} x^{s} in corne or cattell the first of November next at Plymouth Hath reassigned and made ouer vnto the said John Winslow all & singuler such said Debts and sums of money as were or are due & appṭaineing vnto the said Willm̄ Dennis his sonn here in New England." (Ibid., Deeds, 1:89).

ii. Judith, b. (say) 1620; d. in 1685, between 5 Sept., the date of her will, and the 14 Oct., the date of the inventory; m. (1) about 1640, Lawrence Litchfield, who d. abt. 1649 at Scituate, Mass.; m. (2) 2 Oct. 1649, William Peakes. The Scituate records give the year of this marriage as 1650, but this is clearly an error. As Judith was already married to Peakes before her father drew his will 16 Feb. 1649/50, and as Lawrence Litchfield was living 14 Nov. 1648, when he was made a beneficiary of the will of Thomas Rickard (Mayflower Descendant, 9:155), we conclude that she married Peakes in 1649. Children (Litchfield):

1. Experience, b. abt. 1642, prob. at Barnstable; he was accidentally killed at Scituate, 1 Aug. 1673; unm.
2. Remember, b. abt. 1644, prob. at Barnstable; living Nov. 1708, Tisbury, Martha's Vineyard; m. Henry Luce.
3. Dependance, b. 15 Feb. 1646, Scituate; mentioned in her mother's will 1685, then unm.
4. Josiah, b. 3 or 4 Apr. 1648, Scituate; m. 22 Feb. 1671, Sarah Baker. He was adopted by John Allen. "These p^{r}sents Witnesse that the 20th of march 1657/8 Judith the wife of Willam Peaks acknowlidged that her former hus-

band Lawrance Lichfeild lying on his Death bedd sent for John Allin and Ann his wife and Desired to give and bequeath unto them his youngest son Josias Lichfeild if they would accept of him and take him as theire Child..." (Mayflower Descendant, 12:134).

Children (Peakes):

5. Thankful, drowned on or about 15 Nov. 1655.
6. Israel, b. 22 Feb. 1655/6, Scituate.
7. Eleazer, b. 3 May 1657, Scituate.
8. William, b. 15 July 1662, Scituate.

(For additional information on the Litchfields and Peakes, see The Litchfield Family in America, by Wilford J. Litchfield.)

THE GRUMMAN FAMILY

By John Insley Coddington, F.A.S.G., of Washington, D.C.

(Continued from Vol. 33, p. 25)

10. Nehemiah^4 Grumman (Joseph^3, John^2, John^1) was probably born in the settlement of Lyons Farms within the bounds of Newark, N.J., about 1718. He died at Wilton, Conn., 4 Apr. 1797, "in the 79th year of his age" [g.s. at Sharp's Hill Cemetery, Wilton]. He married at Wilton, 18 May 1744, Abigail^4 Keeler, born at Norwalk in 1720, died at Wilton 17 Nov. 1799, aged 79, and buried with her husband. She was the second surviving daughter of John^3 (John^2, Ralph^1) and Rhoda (Hoyt) Keeler of Norwalk [her father, John^3 Keeler, born at Norwalk 26 Dec. 1682, married 19 Apr. 1710 Rhoda Hoyt; see Jacobus, Old Fairfield, 1:356. John^3 Keeler died at Norwalk in 1764; see File #3557, Fairfield Probate District, State Library, Hartford, which is complaint of Nehemiah Grumman, administrator of John Keeler deceased, dated 1 Jan. 1771, against John Finch and others. Distribution was made of the estate of John Keeler, 29 Mar. 1771, to the heirs, including "Abigail wife of Nehemia Grummon of Norwalk."].

Nehemiah was still in New Jersey on 4 June 1739, when he witnessed the will of Joseph Foster of Newark, whose widow, Bethia (Lyon)(Winans) Foster, was later to marry Nehemiah's brother Ichabod Grumman (see below). But by the time the will was probated, 18 Aug. 1742, Nehemiah Grumman had left New Jersey and migrated back to his father's native colony of Connecticut [N.J. Archives, Wills, 1:185; Jacobus, Old Fairfield, 1:246]. We conclude that he moved to Connecticut about 1741, and settled in the parish of Wilton, then in the town of Norwalk. His name appears frequently in Norwalk Deeds.

On 25 Oct. 1744, he bought a house, barn, homestead, 6 acres of land and appurtenances in Norwalk (Wilton) for £260 from James Betts of Sharon, Conn.; the land was bounded by John Taylor, Daniel Betts, and the highway; witnesses were Thomas Betts, John Betts; recorded 18 Feb. 1744/5 [9:387]. On 31 Oct. 1748, Nehemiah "Grummon" witnessed the will of Samuel Weed of Norwalk [Fairfield P. R., 11:300], and on 4 Apr. 1749 he was appointed guardian of John Olmstead of Norwalk [ibid., 7:362].

On 4 Mar. 1769, there was a partition of land in Norwalk between Nehemiah "Gruman," Nathan Raymond, and Josiah Taylor, Jr., and Abigail his wife, all of Norwalk, who held as of fee in common a parcel of land in Wilton parish called the Great Swamp. Nehemiah was to receive 50 acres and 1 rood of this land; witnessed by Hannah Platt, Joseph Platt; recorded 4 Mar. 1769 [Norwalk Deeds, 13:263]. On 18 Mar. 1771, Nehemiah Grumman made a warranty deed to his son John Grumman [ibid., 14:32]. On 30 Dec. 1794, Nehemiah Grumman by a series of deeds sold his remaining lands in the Parish of Wilton, Town of Norwalk, to his sons John, Jeremiah, Ezra, Moses and Isaac Grumman, all of Norwalk; witnesses to all the deeds were Sam[l] Comstock and John Gregory [ibid., 18:9, 11, 13, 17, 49]. Less than a month later, on 20 Jan. 1795, John, Ezra, Jeremiah, Moses and Isaac Grumman, all of Norwalk, "for love and filial affection to our hon'd father Nehemiah Grumman," leased to him a house, barn, 3 acres of land &c. in the parish of Wilton in Norwalk; witnesses were Sam[l] Comstock, Joseph Green; recorded 30 Apr. 1795 [ibid., 18:21].

In the Census of 1790, Nehemiah Grumman was listed as an inhabitant of Norwalk, with a family of 1 male over 16 and 2 females. Letters of administration on the estate of Nehemiah Grumman late of Norwalk, deceased, were granted on 1 May 1797 to his son Jeremiah Grumman; his son John Grumman being bondsman [File # 2607, Fairfield District, State Library].

Children, born and baptized in Wilton Parish, Town of Norwalk, Conn.:

14 i. John[5], b. 8 Aug. 1744; bapt. 12 Aug. 1744.

ii. Mary, bapt. 17 Aug. 1746.

iii. Ezra, b. 8 May 1748, living at the time of the Census of 1810. There is no record of his service in the Revolutionary War, and the date of his death has not come to light. In the Census of 1790, he was listed at Norwalk, with a family of 2 males over 16, 2 males under 16, 2 females. He received land from his father on 30 Dec. 1794, and joined with his brothers in the lease to his father, 20 Jan. 1795. On 30 Apr. 1794, Ebenezer Betts of Waterford, N.Y., Eliphalet Betts of Stillwater, Saratoga Co., N.Y., and

Abigail and Dorothy Betts of Norwalk, for £61-12-5, conveyed to Ezra Grumman of Norwalk land adjoining that of Nehemiah and Jeremiah Grumman (Norwalk Deeds, 17:396); on 10 Mar. 1795, Abigail Betts of Norwalk quitclaimed to Ezra Grumman, for £8, her right in 7 acres in the parish of Wilton, bounded by Jeremiah Grumman, Nehemiah Grumman, and the highway; witnessed by Ebenezer Betts and Eliphalet Lockwood (ibid., 18: 49). In the Census of 1800, Ezra Grumman was listed in Norwalk with 1 male 10-16, 2 males 16-26, 1 male over 45, 1 female 16-26, 1 female 26-45. In the Census of 1810, Ezra Grumman was in Wilton, with 1 male 16-26, 1 male 26-45, 1 male and 2 females over 45. The maiden name of Ezra's wife Rachel is not certainly known, but she may have been Rachel Betts, daughter of Ebenezer and Abigail Betts of Norwalk.

15 iv. Jeremiah, bapt. 24 Feb. 1750/1.

v. Nehemiah, bapt. 4 Oct. 1752; probably d. young.

vi. Aaron, bapt. 23 Feb. 1755; apparently d. before 1790, since he does not appear in the Census of that year, and certainly d. before 1794, since he was not a party to the deeds of his father and brothers. He was a Private in Capt. Nathan Gilbert's Co., Lt. Col. J. Baldwin's Regt., Conn. Militia, which marched on 5 Oct. 1777 to Fishkill for the relief of the Continental Army; the same Co. in which his brother Jeremiah was Sergeant, and, like Jeremiah, Aaron deserted on 7 Oct. 1777, two days after the march began (Connecticut Men in the Revolution, 522). As Aaron Grumman of Norwalk, he petitioned for relief from prosecution as a deserter in Jan. 1778 (Conn. Military Records, X, 13c, State Library). It is not known whether he was married.

16 vii. Moses, b. 17 Nov. 1757.

viii. Abigail, b. ca. 1759; d. at Wilton 15 Apr. 1813, in her 54th year, bur. Sharp's Hill Cemetery, Wilton (g.s.). She m. at Norwalk, 16 Sept. 1779, Alvan Hyatt, who d. at Wilton 26 June 1835, aged 84-7-7, and was bur. with his wife. "Elvin" Hyatt was listed at Norwalk in the Census of 1790 with 1 male over 16, 2 males under 16, 2 females. He is not to be found in the Census of 1800. In that of 1810, he was at Wilton, with 1 male 10-16, 1 male 16-26, 1 male over 45, 1 female 10-16, 1 female over 45. He received a pension for service in the American Revolution (Pension Record S-18049, National Archives, Washington, D.C.).

ix. Isaac, b. ca. 1761 or a bit later, d. after 1810. He m. at Norwalk, 16 Dec. 1784, Betsey Selleck. There is no record of his service in the American Revolution. In the Census of 1790, he was listed at Norwalk with a family of 1 male over 16, 2 males under 16, 3 females. He was "of Norwalk" when he received land from his father, 30 Dec. 1794, and joined his brothers in the lease to his father, 20 Jan. 1795. He was still of Norwalk in the Census of 1800, when he had a family of 2 males under 10, 1 male 10-16,

1 male 26-45, 1 female under 10, 2 females 10-16, 1 female 26-45. He was also of Norwalk when his brother Moses quitclaimed to Isaac and his brothers on 19 June 1802. In the Census of 1810, he was listed at Wilton, with 1 male under 10, 2 males 10-16, 1 male over 45, 2 females under 10, 2 females 16-26, 1 female over 45. Partial list of children, recorded at Norwalk:

1. Polly^6, b. 21 Nov. 1785.
2. Sabra, b. 13 Feb. 1788.
3. Henry, b. 4 May 1790.
4. Achsah, b. 24 Jan. 1793.
5. William, b. 28 July 1795.

It is evident from the Census records that there were more children.

11. Ichabod^4 Grummon (Joseph^3, John^2, John^1) was born about 1723, presumably in the settlement of Lyons Farms within the bounds of Newark, N.J. He died at Lyons Farms, probably 16 Dec. 1787, but possibly 16 Dec. 1788, and was buried with his wife, daughter and mother in the First Presbyterian Churchyard, Elizabeth, N.J. The "Record Book of the Sextons of the First Presbyterian Church of Elizabethtown...," [New Eng. Hist. and Gen. Register, vols. 44 and 45] was arranged chronologically. Therein appear the following references to the Grummon family:

NEHGR, 44:264	July 3, 1766	Bur. wife of Ichabod Grummon.
NEHGR, 44:265	Aug. 24, 1769	Bur. dau. of Ichabod Grummon.
NEHGR, 45:44	Sep. 19, 1784	Bur. mother of Ichabod Grummon.
NEHGR, 45:45	Dec. 17, 1787	Bur. Ichabod Grammon.

On the other hand, William Wheeler Ogden, Inscriptions from Tombstones...at Elizabeth, N.J. (1892), #519 and 520, gives these epitaphs, both of which evidently contain errors:

Ichabod Grummon, died Dec. 16, 1788, in the 65th year of his age.
Bethiah wife of Ichabod Grommon, died July 10, 1766, aged 53 years.

If the epitaphs (as printed) were to be believed, Ichabod would have died a whole year (minus one day) after he was buried, and Bethia a week after she was buried. Since the "Record Book" is presumably right and the epitaphs wrong, we conclude that Ichabod probably died 16 Dec. 1787 and was buried the following day in his 65th year, which puts his birth in 1723; while Bethia presumably died 1 (not 10) July 1766, and was buried 3 July, aged 53, which places her birth about 1713, ten years before her husband.

Ichabod Grummon married, about 1743, Bethia^3 (Lyon) (Winans) Foster, daughter of Capt. Ebenezer^2 (Henry^1) Lyon of Lyons Farms, by his wife Elizabeth^2 Winans,

and widow, first. of John^3 Winans (b. 1708, d. 22 May 1733 aged 25, son of Jacob^2 and grandson of John^1 Winans, all of Elizabethtown, N.J.), and widow, secondly, of Joseph Foster (who d. 18 Aug. 1742) of Newark, weaver, son of Nathan and Mary (Lyon) Foster of Newark, and grandson of Joseph^2 (Henry^1) Lyon of Lyons Farms. These intricate relationships to the Lyons family appear in Sidney Elizabeth Lyon, The Lyon Memorial, vol. 2 (1907), 89, 96-97, 113. Bethia, as we have seen, was born near 1713 and died 1 July 1766, aged 53. Her second husband, Joseph Foster, made his will 4 June 1739, and it was witnessed by Nehemiah^4 Grumman (No. 10 above) before his departure for Connecticut [N.J. Archives, Wills, 2:185].

Ichabod Grummon was a blacksmith, and owned a house lot a quarter of a mile south of the bridge in Lyons Farms; the modern extension of Broad Street now passes through it. He signed the answer to a Bill in Chancery in 1750. On 17 Feb. 1761, he was fellow-bondsman in the administration of the estate of Nathaniel Lyon of Newark [N.J. Archives, Wills, 4:264]. He was appointed executor in the codicil to the will of Phebe Wood of Lyons Farms, dated 6 Dec. 1773 [ibid., 6:454]. Ichabod "Gruman" was one of the witnesses to the will of his brother Justus Grummon's stepson Samuel Curry, dated 22 Jan. 1786, but he was not a witness to the codicil thereof [ibid., 7:61].

The Scotch Plains Baptist Church records show a resolution passed 29 Jan. 1766, as follows: "That there shall be a Trial in order to build a Meeting House at Lions Farms and our Brethren Ezekiel Crane, Ichabod Gruman, and Justus Gruman shal, after Trial, do as they shal think best." This proves that Ichabod and Justus Grummon were Baptists. Why, then, were Ichabod and his family buried in the Presbyterian churchyard at Elizabeth? Mr. C. C. Gardner thinks it may have been because Ichabod's father, Joseph^3 Grumman, was previously buried there in an unmarked grave.

Bethia (Lyons)(Winans)(Foster) Grummon had by her first husband a daughter Bethia Winans, born in 1733; by her second husband she had two sons, Joseph Foster, born 1740, and Jacob Foster, born 1743 [Lyon Memorial, 2:96-97].

Children of Ichabod^4 and Bethia Grummon, probably born at Lyons Farms:

i. Bethia^5, b. ca. 1744; d. at Newark, N.J., 29 Aug. 1816; m. ca. 1767 Benjamin^5 Coe, b. at Newark 28 Dec. 1738, d. there 14 Oct. 1818, son of Benjamin^4 (Benjamin^3, Benjamin^2, Robert^1) and Abigail Coe of Newark. Benjamin^5 Coe was a farmer, commissioner of the poor for 18 years, overseer of highways, and

trustee of the First Presbyterian Church in Newark. His will, dated 15 Mar. 1806, was proved 23 Oct. 1818. Five children; see J. Gardner Bartlett, Robert Coe, Puritan (1911), p. 142, where, however, there is a mistake about the parentage of Bethia (Grummon) Coe. Bartlett said she was a daughter of Ichabod Grummon, Jr., and Hannah Bruen, which is obviously wrong.

ii. A daughter, bur. in the First Presbyterian churchyard, Elizabeth, 24 Aug. 1769.

iii. Ichabod, Jr., b. ca. 1755, d. at Lyons Farms 29 Oct. 1794; m. Hannah Bruen, b. 1756, d. 13 Dec. 1835, daughter of Timothy Bruen, Sr., of Newark. Ichabod and Hannah (Bruen) Grummon were buried in the Baptist Churchyard, Lyons Farms. He was a weaver, served as an express-rider and as Private, Capt. Marsh's Troop, Essex Co., N.J., Light Horse, in the American Revolution; later was a U.S. Government mail contractor. Six children: Isaac^6, Mary, Abigail, Sarah, William, Phebe (Lyon Memorial, 2:113; Stryker, Official Register, 612).

iv. Aaron, b. ca. 1757; d. at Lyons Farms 20 Aug. 1801; m. his cousin Abigail^5 Lyon, b. at Lyons Farms 1760, d. there 4 Sept. 1828, daughter of Moses^4 (Benjamin^3, Benjamin^2, Henry^1) and Mary (Harris) Lyon of Lyons Farms. Aaron and Abigail (Lyon) Grummon are buried in the Baptist churchyard at Lyons Farms. They had no issue. Aaron's will, dated 31 Oct. 1799, proved 10 Sept. 1801, named wife Abby, nephew Dodd Grummon, niece Abigail Grummon (N.J. Archives, Wills, 10:186). Abigail's will, dated and proved in 1828, contained many bequests to her brothers, sisters, nephews and nieces (Lyon Memorial, 2:131).

12. Samuel^4 Grumman (Samuel^3, John^2, John^1) was born at Norwalk, Conn., 8 May 1725. He died at Norwalk 11 Jan. 1804, "in the 79th year of his age," and was buried in Town House Hill Cemetery, Norwalk [g.s.]. He married at Norwalk, 2 Dec. 1750, Elizabeth^4 Keeler, born at Norwalk 20 Apr. 1722, died there 15 Sept. 1795, "aged 73," and was buried with her husband [g.s.]. She was a daughter of Capt Samuel^3 (Samuel^2, Ralph^1) and Sarah (Betts) Keeler of Norwalk, and a sister of Matthew Keeler who married her husband's sister Sarah^4 Grumman [see above].

The will of Samuel^3 Grumman, dated and proved in 1747, benefited his elder son Samuel^4, who received therein the "Gregory Lot" as well as a share of the residue double the size of his sisters' shares. The younger Samuel was also appointed an executor of his father's will. Samuel^4 Grumman became a prominent citizen of Norwalk; he was for many years Town Clerk and Register of Deeds in the town, and often served as administrator of intestate estates. He was a member of a committee to establish a post-office in Norwalk in 1775.

During the Revolutionary War, he suffered from losses in the British raids [his losses were put at £30.8.6 in May 1792. Public Records of the State of Conn., 7: 454]. In 1781 and 1782 he was appointed administrator of confiscated Tory estates. He also served as arbitrator in the Lockwood-Wentworth controversy [Conn. Archives, Revolutionary War, vols. 6, 19, 23, 24, 29, 34, 36, 37, State Library]. There was a Samuel "Grummurs" listed as Private, Capt. Jabez Gregory's Co., 9th Regiment, Conn. Militia, who served 2 months and 0 days and was discharged 29 Dec. 1777 [Conn. Men in the Revolution.., p. 486]; it is thought that this was Samuel[4] Grumman, even though he was 52 years old in the fall of 1777, rather aged for a Private, and he was important enough to rate a commission. Capt. Jabez Gregory and all members of the Company were Norwalk men. Samuel[4] Grumman's surviving son Samuel[5] was only 13 in the fall of 1777, making it very unlikely if not impossible that it was he who served.

In the Census of 1790, Samuel[4] Grumman was strangely not listed, though his son Samuel "Grummon," Jr., was listed with a large household, and it is probable that the two families were living together. Samuel[4] Grumman was co-executor of the will of his brother-in-law David Comstock in 1784. He divided land belonging to his father's estate with his brother Thomas on 7 Oct. 1786 [Norwalk Deeds, 16:494]. On 6 May 1800, Thomas Belden and Samuel Grumman, both of Norwalk, conveyed to [his sister] Mary Grumman of Norwalk, for £20, all their claim to 4 acres of land on Dryhill in Norwalk, bounded by Thaddeus Betts and the highway; witnessed by John Belden, Buckingham Lockwood; recorded 15 Feb. 1802 [ibid., 20:493]. In the Census of 1800, Samuel "Grummon" was listed at Norwalk, witha family of 1 male 10-16, 1 male over 45, 1 female 16-26, 2 females 26-45; it is evident that Samuel Edwin[6] Grumman was living with his grandfather and aunts at this time.

Children, born at Norwalk:

i. Sarah[5], b. 15 Jan. 1756; d. unmarried at Norwalk 17 Feb. 1838, "aged 82 years 1 month 2 days," bur. Town House Hill Cemetery, Norwalk (g.s.). Sarah Grumman and her sister Betty, both of Norwalk, on 31 Mar. 1804, conveyed to Henry Belden of Norwalk 3 acres 26 rods of land on the hill west of the Norwalk River, for $237; witnessed by (their cousin) William Grumman, and Thaddeus Betts; recorded 18 Apr. 1804 (Norwalk Deeds, 20:376). Also on 31 Mar. 1804, Sarah and Betty Grumman conveyed to John Eversly of Norwalk a piece of salt meadow in the East Common Field in Norwalk for $37; same witnesses (ibid., 20:458). In the Census of 1810, Sarah "Grummand" was living at Norwalk with a household of 1 female over 45, 1 other

free person.

ii. Betty (or Betsey), b. 6 Oct. 1757; d. unmarried at Norwalk 25 Oct. 1839, "aged 82 years 19 days," bur. Town House Hill Cemetery, Norwalk (g.s.).

iii. Samuel, b. 21 Mar. 1761, listed as "eldest son" of his parents in the Norwalk Vital Records; d. at Norwalk 1 June 1761; bur. Town House Hill Cemetery (g.s.).

iv. Samuel, b. 23 Aug. 1764, listed as "second son" of his parents in the Norwalk Vital Records. He was drowned in Long Island Sound, "near the Long Island shore," 15 June 1791. "Samuel Grummon, Jr.," was listed in the Census of 1790 as an inhabitant of Norwalk, with a household of 5 males over 16, 2 males under 16, 1 female. This enumeration must be wrong, for even supposing his and his father's family were living together, it does not agree with the known facts. Samuel[5] Grumman m. ca. 1789, Katharine[6] Benedict, b. at Norwalk 13 Apr. 1763, d. there 7 Apr. 1792 "in the 29th year of her age," bur with her parents in Pine Island Cemetery, Norwalk (g.s.). She was a daughter of Thomas[5] (Thomas[4], Thomas[3], Thomas[2], Thomas[1]) and Hannah (Raymond) Benedict of Norwalk (Henry Marvin Benedict, The Genealogy of the Benedicts in America, 1870, p. 29). Child, b. at Norwalk:

1. Samuel Edwin[6], b. 3 June 1790; d. at 55 Elm Street, New York, N.Y., 25 Dec. 1822, aged 32; listed as a "casualty, b. Norwich, Conn." in the New York Death Records (of course Norwich is a mistake for Norwalk). He m. Maria Cholwell, b. at Bound Brook, N.J., 12 Dec. 1796, d. at Red Hook, N.Y., 2 May 1881. Both are bur. in the Norwalk Cemetery, Norwalk (g.s.). Letters of administration on the estate of Samuel E. Grumman, deceased, were granted 3 Apr. 1823 to Jacob Cholwell (Liber 19 of Administrations, p. 143, Hall of Records, New York, N.Y.). Children:

   1) Samuel Edwin[7], b. 6 May 1818; d. 8 Feb. 1867, bur. Norwalk Cemetery, Norwalk (g.s.). He m. and had issue.

   2) Cholwell J., b. 1820; d. 1882, bur. Norwalk Cemetery (g.s.). He m. and had issue.

13. Rebecca[4] Grumman (Samuel[3], John[2], John[1]) married David Comstock. It is planned to present their family in a separate article to follow.

14. John[5] Grumman (Nehemiah[4], Joseph[3], John[2], John[1]), born at Norwalk (Wilton Parish), 8 Aug. 1744, died at Wilton, Conn., 13 Feb. 1822, buried at Sharp's Hill Cemetery, Wilton (g.s.). He married first, at Norwalk, 15 Jan. 1767, Sarah Nash, born at Norwalk 5 Oct. 1745, died at Wilton 9 Mar. 1820, daughter of John and Sarah (Jackson) Nash of Norwalk. He married second, Julia

———, who died at Wilton 13 Mar. 1829, aged 76, both buried at Sharp's Hill with their husband. John[5] is doubtless the John "Grumand" who served as Private, Capt. Samuel Comstock's Company, 9th Regiment, Conn. Militia, which marched to New York 12 Aug. 1776 and arrived there 16 Aug. 1776. He was discharged 11 Sept. 1776 [Connecticut Men in the Revolution...,1889, p. 458]. In 1778, Samuel Beers served one month in the Army as John Grumman's substitute [Jacobus, Old Fairfield, 3:48]. In the Census of 1790, John Grumman was listed as a resident of Norwalk with a family of 2 males over 16, 2 females. His father, Nehemiah Grumman, on 30 Dec. 1794 conveyed to John Grumman 5 1/2 acres on Chestnut Hill in the parish of Wilton for £117 [Norwalk Deeds, 18:9]. John joined with his brothers in leasing a home to their aged father on 20 Jan. 1795, and John acted as fellow bondsman in the administration of his father's estate in 1797. In the Census of 1800, he was listed as a resident of Norwalk with a household of 1 male over 45, 1 female under 10, and 1 female 26-45. In the Census of 1810, he was listed at Wilton (by then a separate town) with 1 male over 45, 1 female over 45. He and his children are mentioned in Edwin Hall, Historical Records of Norwalk (1847), p. 244.

Children by first marriage, recorded at Norwalk:

i. John[6], b. 22 Oct. 1772, bapt. at Wilton 19 July 1778; d. at Wilton 31 Mar. 1841, aged 68, bur. Sharp's Hill Cemetery (g.s.); m. Eleanor ———, who d. at Wilton 10 May 1834, aged 60 (g.s.). In the Census of 1800, John "Grummon," Jr., was listed in Norwalk, next door to his father, with a family of 1 male under 10, 1 male 26-45, 1 female 16-26. In the Census of 1810, he was listed at Wilton, still next door to his father, with a family of 3 males under 10, 1 male 10-16, 1 male 26-45, 1 female 10-16, 1 female 26-45.

ii. Sarah, b. 19 Feb. 1777, bapt. at Wilton 19 July 1778.

15. Jeremiah[5] Grumman (Nehemiah[4], Joseph[3], John[2], John[1]), baptized at Wilton, then a parish in Norwalk, Conn., 24 Feb. 1750/1, was living in Wilton at the time of the Census of 1810; the date of his death has not been found. He married first, at Norwalk, 4 Mar. 1772, Sabra Stuart, who died there 14 Apr. 1785. He married second, at Norwalk, 27 Oct. 1785, Hannah Fitch. As "Jeremiah Grumand," he served with his brother John as Private, Capt. Samuel Comstock's Co., 9th Regt., Conn. Militia, which marched to New York 12 Aug. 1776, and was there 16 Aug. 1776; he was discharged 17 Sept.1776. As "Jeremiah Grummon" he enlisted as Sergeant, Capt. Nathan Gilbert's Co., Lt. Col. J. Baldwin's Regt., Conn. Militia, which marched on 5 Oct. 1777 to Fishkill for the relief of the Continental Army. Sgt. Jeremiah

Grummon was recorded as having deserted on 7 Oct. 1777, two days after the march began [Connecticut Men in the Revolution, pp. 458, 522]. In Jan. 1778, Jeremiah Grumman of Norwalk petitioned for relief from prosecution as a deserter [Conn. Military Records, X, 13c, State Library, Hartford]. He was evidently forgiven, for in May 1783 he was appointed by the Conn. Assembly to be Ensign of the 7th Company, 9th Regt. of Militia, and in May 1784 he was made Lieutenant of the same Company [Public Records of the State of Conn., 5:133, 394].

In the Census of 1790, Jeremiah Grumman was recorded at Norwalk, with a family of 2 males over 16, 1 male under 16, 2 females. He received land from his father on 30 Dec. 1794, and joined his brothers in leasing a home to his father on 20 Jan. 1795. On 30 Apr. 1794, Ebenezer Betts, Eliphalet Betts, Abigail Betts and Dorothy Betts conveyed to Jeremiah Grumman of Norwalk a tract of land in Norwalk, containing 13 1/2 acres, adjoining the parcel which the grantors on the same date conveyed to Ezra Grumman [Norwalk Deeds, 17:395, and supra]. On 7 Nov. 1799, Jeremiah Grumman of Norwalk conveyed to his son Lewis Grumman of Norwalk, for £15, a parcel of land in Norwalk; witnesses were Buckingham Lockwood, Eliphatt Lockwood; recorded 17 Jan. 1800 [Norwalk Deeds, 19:178]. He was administrator of the estate of his father, 1 May 1797, and on 16 Mar. 1801 he served as bondsman on the estate of his eldest son Lewis Grumman [infra]. In the Census of 1800, he was listed at Norwalk with 1 male under 10, 1 male over 45, 1 female 16-26, 1 female 26-45. In 1810, his family consisted of 1 male 10-16, 1 male 16-26, 1 male over 45, 1 female 16-26, 1 female over 45, living at Wilton. His children are mentioned in Hall, Norwalk, 254.

Children by first marriage, recorded at Norwalk:

i. Lewis^{6}, b. 4 Nov. 1772, bapt. at Wilton 19 July 1778; d. shortly before 16 Mar. 1801, on which date letters of administration on his estate were granted to his widow Susanna; his father Jeremiah Grumman and her brother Silas Gregory being fellow-bondsmen. The inventory, taken 16 Mar. 1801 by Alvan Hyatt and Abijah Betts, amounted to only $388.58 (File 2605, Fairfield Probate District, State Library). Lewis Grumman m. Susanna^{7} Gregory, b. at Norwalk 17 Apr. 1776, d. at Wilton 31 Mar. 1847, dau. of Stephen^{6} (Nehemiah^{5}, John^{4}, John^{3}, John^{2}, Henry^{1}) and Mary (Benedict) Gregory. In the Census of 1800, Lewis Grumman's family, at Norwalk, consisted of 1 male under 10, 1 male 26-45, 1 female under 10, 1 female 16-26, 1 female 26-45. He was living next door to his father, Jeremiah Grumman, at the time of the Census. Susanna (Gregory) Grumman m. (2) in May 1802, Allen Hayes Betts, b. at Norwalk 21 July 1776, d. at Wilton 20

Mar. 1848, by whom she had four children (Betts, Thomas Betts, 95; Selleck, Norwalk, 90, 153; Grant Gregory, Ancestors and Descendants of Henry Gregory, 1938, 111). Lewis and Susanna (Gregory) Grumman had a son, Lewis Fitch[7] Grumman, who m. at Norwalk, 21 Oct. 1820, Eliza Hurlburt, b. at Norwalk 24 July 1802, dau. of John and Anna (Adams) Hurlburt. They had 7 children, for whom and whose posterity see Selleck, Norwalk, 92.

ii. Jeremiah, b. 21 Oct. 1774, bapt. at Wilton 19 July 1778, d. unmarried at Norwalk 8 Nov. 1795.

iii. Uriah Smith, b. 16 May 1778, bapt. at Wilton 19 July 1778; d. at Wilton 9 Aug. 1864, in 87th year, bur. Hillside Cemetery, Wilton (g.s.). He m. Sarah ——, who d. at Wilton 18 Nov. 1854, aged 75-11-6. He was living at Wilton at the time of the Census of 1810, in which he was recorded as "Smith Grummond," with 1 male under 10, 1 male 26-45, 4 females under 10, 1 female 26-45.

iv. Joel Keeler, b. 23 July 1780; d. at Norwalk 7 Jan. 1784.

v. Lucretia, b. 22 Aug. 1782.

Child by second marriage, recorded at Norwalk:

vi. Lucy, b. 23 July 1791, according to Hall, Norwalk, p. 254; b. 23 July 1794, according to Barbour Index, State Library, Hartford.

16. Moses[5] Grumman (Nehemiah[4], Joseph[3], John[2], John[1]), born at Norwalk 17 Nov. 1757, living at Wilton at the time of the Census of 1810, date of death not ascertained. He married first, at Norwalk, 9 Dec.1779, Hannah Finch, who died at Norwalk 9 Apr. 1797, daughter of Dan Finch of Norwalk, whose will, dated 29 Mar. 1799 [The American Genealogist, supra, 19:120] mentioned the testator's grandchildren, Anne, Hannah, and Aaron Grumman, children of deceased daughter Hannah Grumman. Moses Grumman married second, before the end of 1797, Dorothy ——, who died at Wilton, 13 July 1850, without issue.

Moses Grumman enlisted, 8 May 1775, as Private, Capt. Matthew Mead's Co., Col. David Waterbury's Regt., Conn. Continental Line, and was discharged 13 Dec.1775. He enlisted again, with his brothers Jeremiah and Aaron, as Private, Capt. Nathan Gilbert's Co., Lt. Col. J. Baldwin's Regt., Conn. Militia, which marched on 5 Oct. to Fishkill for the relief of the Continental Army. Moses lasted a bit longer than his brothers; he deserted 12 Oct. 1777, five days after they had done the same [Connecticut Men in the Revolution, 67, 522]. Like his brothers, he petitioned in Jan. 1778 for relief from prosecution as a deserter.

At the time of the Census of 1790, he was living in

the Harlem Division of New York [New York Census of 1790, 137, col. 3], and had a family of 2 males over 16, 2 males under 16, and 4 females. He must have returned to Norwalk by 1794, for he was "of Norwalk" when he received land from his father on 30 Dec. 1794, and joined his brothers in leasing a home to his father on 20 Jan. 1795. The land which Moses received from his father was called "the Barrack Lot," 5 1/2 acres. On 10 Apr. 1798, Moses Grumman and Dorothy his wife, of Norwalk, sold to Daniel J. Burchard [Norwalk Deeds, 19: 19, 21]. On 9 Jan. 1800, Moses and Dorothy quitclaimed a small lot to his brothers John, Ezra, Jeremiah and Isaac [ibid., 19:180]. On 19 June 1802, Moses and Dorothy Grumman, of Norwalk, sold 9 acres for $180 to his brother John Grumman. Dorothy signed as "Dolly" Grumman, and witnesses were Nathan Odell, Josiah Gregory; recorded 19 June 1802 [ibid., 20:261]. In the Census of 1800, Moses Grumman was listed in Norwalk with 1 male 26-45, 1 female under 10, 2 females 16-26, 1 female 26-45. In the Census of 1810, he was in Wilton, with 1 male over 45, 1 female over 45.

Children by first marriage:

i. Anne^{6}, b. ca. 1780; named in the will of her maternal grandfather, Dan Finch, in 1799.

ii. Hannah, b. ca. 1782; named in the will of her maternal grandfather, Dan Finch, in 1799. She was living, a spinster, "in very necessitous circumstances," at Norwalk on 5 Sept. 1854, and was then her father's only surviving child. On that date, Albert H. Byington of Norwalk wrote to the Bureau of Pensions, Washington, D.C., to inquire whether Hannah was entitled to a pension because of her father's services in the American Revolution, and was told that she was not so entitled (Pension Record R(ejected)-4373, in name of Moses Grumon, National Archives, Washington).

iii. Aaron, b. ca. 1784; named in the will of his maternal grandfather, Dan Finch, in 1799. He m. Sarah^{8} Gregory, b. at Norwalk 4 Aug. 1784, dau. of Silas^{7} (Stephen^{6}, Nehemiah^{5}, John^{4}, John^{3}, John^{2}, Henry^{1}) Gregory (Grant Gregory, Anc. & Desc. of Henry Gregory, 169). In the Census of 1810, Aaron Grumman was in Norwalk with a family of 1 male under 10, 1 male 16-26, 3 females under 10, 1 female 26-45. On 25 June 1812, Aaron Grumman and Sarah his wife, of Norwalk, conveyed to Joel Grumman of Wilton, 5 acres of land in Norwalk, near Toilsome (Norwalk Deeds, 21:500).

iv and v. Another son and daughter, indicated by the Census records; they presumably d. young.

THE FAMILY OF REV. JOHAN WILHELM BOAS

By Walter Lee Sheppard, Jr., M.S., F.A.S.G.

Johan Wilhelm[1] Boas (or Boos as it sometimes appears) was born the 8th, baptized the 13th September 1740 at Otterberg, near Kaiserlautern, in the Palatinate, son of Philip Jacob Boas, a parochial school teacher, and Anna Maria Fromme, his wife. He studied theology and applied for service as a Reformed Church minister for America, but failed successively three sets of examinations at Utrecht: 1768, 1769, and 1770. He finally came to America at his own expense, by way of New York, probably in the summer of 1770. First assigned as a supply to the Maxatawny Congregation (Berks County, Pennsylvania) that year, he was sent in 1772 to Heidelberg in Lower Heidelberg Twp., also called Cacusi, and served there until 1789, baptizing 634 children between 1771 and 1789, though strangely he never recorded the baptisms of his own children.

The charge of Bern was added in 1784, and at this time he became a permanent resident of Reading, purchasing the southwest corner of 9th and Penn Streets. From 1789 to 1792 he resided in Reading, 1792 to 1805 at Cacusi. He died at Reading on 28 Nov. 1814 aged 74. The Rev. Mr. Hinke says that he is buried in the Charles Evans Cemetery. This is probably correct, since all interments in the old Reformed Church graveyard were moved there about 1860, but the Cemetery has no record of him, nor is any of the old Reformed Church stones that remain readable his. (The Evans Cemetery was not in existence until 35 years after he died.)[1]

Mr. Boas married Anna Barbara Epler, of Bern Twp., and had eight children that are known. At "Epler's Church," Bern Twp., on 15 Sept. 1786, he preached the funeral sermon for the well-known Rev. John Waldschmidt.

Children:

1	i.	John[2], b. 17 Mar. 1774; d. 8 Aug. 1860. [2]
	ii.	Catharine, m. Abraham Wanner. [3]
2	iii.	William, b. 7 Oct. 1778; d. 17 Feb. 1840.[4]
3	iv.	Jacob, b. (say 1780); d. 8 Oct. 1815. [5]
4	v.	Frederick, b. 3 July 1785; d. 17 June 1817.[6]
	vi.	Barbara, m. 16 July 1809, Jacob LeVan. [3]
	vii.	Elizabeth, m. 12 Jan. 1812, Frederick Rapp; issue. [3]
5	viii.	Daniel, b. 10 Mar. 1791; d. 11 Jan. 1857. [7]

1. John[2] Boas, born 17 Mar. 1774, died 8 Aug. 1860 aged 86; married Susanna Herbine or Herbein of Bern, buried 14 Mar. 1861 aged 85 years 10 months 4 days. He went into business as a hat manufacturer in his home on South 5th Street, Reading. On 24 June 1822, John Boas

Sr. assigned to John the younger and Daniel H. Boas a lot of merchandise in repayment for their settling his debts. His property was sold by the sheriff in 1823.

This family became Universalists.

Children:

i. John[3], b. abt. 1796; bur. 20 July 1876 ae. 80.
ii. Daniel Herbine, b. 28 Sept. 1800; d. 6 Oct. 1852; m. Elizabeth dau. of John Shearer. (Line continued in reference, see Note 2.)
iii. Catharine.

2. William[2] Boas, born 7 Oct. 1778; moved to Allentown, Pa., where he died 17 Feb. 1840; married 30 Sept. 1810, Ann Elis [?Elisabeth] Deschler, born 23 Mar.1791, died 15 Jan. 1857, daughter of Charles and Catharine, and their children were recorded in the records of the Zion Reformed Church of Allentown.

He was register and recorder for Lehigh County. He died intestate and 2 Mar. 1840 his widow Ann and eldest son William H. Boas declined administration in favor of Jacob D. Boas. The estate was distributed between the widow and four surviving children, William, Jacob, Mary Ann, and Henry (still a minor).

Children:

i. Carl William[3], b. 3 Oct. 1811, bapt. 1 Dec. 1811; d.y.
ii. Elizabeth, b. 22 Feb., bapt. 21 Mar., 1813; d.y.
iii. Anna Maria, b. 13 May, bapt. 11 June, 1815; apparently known as Mary Ann.
iv. William Henry, b. 19 Aug., bapt. 26 Oct., 1817; m. Louisa ——— and had Allen Henry and Anna Charlotte.
v. George Frederick, b. 7 Dec. 1820, bapt. 5 Jan. 1821, d.y.; twin with next child.
vi. Jacob Epler, b. 7 Dec. 1820, bapt. 5 Jan. 1821; m. Elizabeth Anna ——— and had Charles, Angeline and Sarah Elizabeth. He is presumably the Jacob D. Boas who administered his father's estate. (Could his middle name have been Deschler for his mother, and misread Epler?--Editor.)
vii. Henry Daniel, b. 24 Dec. 1823, bapt. 8 Feb. 1824; m. Anna Maria ——— and had Ellen Maria.

3. Jacob Boas, born in Reading, Pa., as early as 1780 judging by dates of his career and children; went to Harrisburg in 1805, where he held the offices of prothonotary and clerk of quarter sessions from 1809 until his death on 8 Oct. 1815. His wife was Sarah Dick, born at Reading 2 Sept. 1781, died 23 Oct. 1859, daughter of Jacob Dick of Reading; after his death, she seems to have returned to Reading with her children. She is buried in the Charles Evans Cemetery, her stone reading died 25 Oct. 1859 aged 79. Jacob was a tinsmith and merchant.

Children:

i. William Dick[3], b. 6 Sept. 1803.
ii. Jacob Dick, b. 5 Oct. 1806. He is perhaps the Jacob D. Boas who in Allentown was administrator in 1840 of the estate of William Boas (no. 2), being more suitable in age than the latter's son; if so, had the wife and children there shown.
iii. John Philip, b. 12 July 1809.
iv. Augustus Frederick, b. 1 Mar. 1813.
v. Daniel Dick, b. 19 Feb. 1816.

4. Frederick[2] Boas, born in Reading, Pa., 3 July 1785; went to Harrisburg by 1811, where he died 17 June 1817, aged 31; married 17 May 1811, Elizabeth Krause, born in Lebanon 23 Sept. 1796, died at Harrisburg 23 Apr. 1847, daughter of David and Regina (Orth) Krause. In 1809 he conveyed land in Kutztown, Maxatawny Twp.

Children:

i. Elmira Elizabeth[3], b. 7 July 1813; m. William Jennings. (Line continued in reference, see note 6.)
ii. Frederick Krause, b. 5 Apr. 1815. (Line continued in reference, see note 6.)

5. Daniel[5] Boas, a hatter, born 10 Mar. 1791, died in Reading, Pa., according to his tombstone in the Charles Evans Cemetery, 11 Jan. 1859, aged 67 years 10 months 1 day. The cemetery records show that he was buried 17 Jan. 1859. He married 19 May 1811 [Recs. of Reformed Church of Reading], Catharine Gutmann; born 26 Aug. 1792, died 19 Dec. 1850, aged 58 years 3 months 20 days, according to her stone, which calls her daughter of John Goodman. The cemetery record calls her Kate and says she was buried on 13 Dec., aged 58 years 3 months (no mention of days).

With his wife, he apparently deserted his father's church for the Trinity Evangelical Lutheran Church, where we find the baptism of his son Johan Wilhelm, with his brother John Boas and Catharina Boas as sponsors. This Catharina is a mystery unless she was the mother of the child, but these records usually add the words "the child's mother" in such cases and they do not appear in this entry. No other children are seen, though it may be that some of the other Boas graves nearby belong to his children.

Child:

i. Johan Wilhelm, b. 21 Sept. 1811, bapt. 12 Jan. 1812.

References

1. Johan Wilhelm Boas. Rev. William J. Hinke, Ministers of the German Reformed Congregations in Pennsylvania and Other Colonies (pub. by the Reformed Church), pp. 395-7; contains errors. His estate: Berks County Orphans Court Rec., 7:34: 27 Jan. 1816, John Boas petitioned on the estate of John William Boas who died intestate "about 14 months ago leaving widow Barbara and seven children: John the petitioner, Barbara wife of Jacob LeVan, Catharine wife of Abraham Wanner or Weinner, Elizabeth wife of Frederick Rapp, William, Frederick, Daniel, and representatives of one son Jacob deceased. Under date of 9 Nov. 1822, John and Daniel Boas, executors of William deceased, sold real estate pursuant on order of the Court 7 Aug. 1818 by auction to James B. Cherrington, recorded 24 Feb. 1823 [Deeds, 32:538]. There are a number of real estate transactions of Johan Wilhelm, usually with wife Barbara, dating from 1778, see deeds, B-3:260; 0:370; 7:10; 9:211. The 1790 Census shows: William Boose, 1 male over 16, 3 males under 16, 4 females. William Henry Egle, Pennsylvania Genealogies, Harrisburg 1896, pp. 98-106, follows some of the descendants of Jacob[2] and Frederick[2].

2. John Boas. See Charles Rhoades Roberts, History of Lehigh County, II:119; Cyrus Fox, Reading and Berks County, A History, III:228. Tombstones in Charles Evans Cemetery, Kutztown Rd., Reading. For the bankruptcy records, see Deeds, A-1:116; 4:112.

3. No effort has been made to check the female lines further. Some of the marriages are erroneously given in Mr. Hinke's book above. The records of the Schwarzenwald Church of which Rev. Boas was minister give the marriage of Barbara to Jacob LeVan. DeLong's records of St. John's Church, Maxatawny, shows the baptism of Barbara's and Jacob's daughter Elemina, born 20 Jan., bapt. 27 Mar., 1815.

4. William Boas. See Charles Rhoades Roberts, History of Lehigh County, II:119. The baptisms of all children shown appear in the records of the Zion Reformed Church, Allentown. For his estate, Lehigh Wills 4:12, administration; file 1542. The distribution and heirs are shown in Orphans Court, file 2562.

5. Jacob Boas. See Egle's Notes & Queries, 2nd series, edition of 1883, pp. 111-2, which gives 1786 as his birth date, a date we judge to be too late. For Jacob D., note the probate under Jacob (No. 3). Tombstone and cemetery records at Charles Evans Cemetery.

6. Frederick Boas. See Egle's Notes and Queries, 2nd series, edition of 1883, pp. 111-2. Here he is shown to have first started business in Kutztown in coppersmithing and tinplate. See also History of Dauphin County, by Kelker, III:97. Berks Deeds cited are 23 Nov. 1809, v. 24, p. 1, and v. 23, p. 390. See also v. 24, p. 13; v. 25, p. 27; v. 26, p. 337; v. 27, p.178.

7. Daniel Boas. The only records seen are the cemetery and tombstones cited, and the two entries: marriage noted in 1st Reformed Church of Reading and the beptism recorded in the Trinity Evangelical Lutheran Church of Reading. The wife Catharine is called "of Reading." At first glance it would appear that Daniel was deserting his father's church, but several records indicate that the Rev. William Boas acted as an occasional supply for Trinity Lutheran, and his daughter Barbara was sponsor to two baptisms here before her marriage, one in 1791, one in 1800, and the marriage of his daughter Elizabeth is also recorded here.

Note

Another family of Boas which may or may not be related to the above is found in that part of Philadelphia County which became Montgomery County at about the same time as Johan Wilhelm appears in Berks County. The family head is apparently Mathias Boas or Boaz, who first purchased in Gwynedd 24 Dec. 1781 [Montgomery Deeds, 17:281]. In the 1790 Census his household contained 1 male over 16, 4 males under 16, and 4 females. A Jacob Boas also appears there with 1 male over 16, 2 males under 16, and 2 females. Both were taxed in that township as early as 1779, Mathias 4 shillings and Jacob 1 shilling; then later that year, Mathias £1, Jacob 5s. By 1783 Jacob is in Whitpain Twp, but Mathias remained in Gwynedd.

Mathias's wife was Magdalen, daughter of George Lehman of Noriton Twp., who named her in his will 21 Apr. 1810 and made Mathias executor. (It is, of course, possible that this is the wife of Mathias, Jr., though not likely.) When Mathias made his will 17 Jan. (proved 15 Feb.) 1823, he had a second wife Catharine, but his children—Catharine, Jacob, Margaret, Mathias, Conrad, John, Mary, Phebe, and Samuel—were probably by his first wife. The writer has not seen any baptismal records of this family, which might clarify the matter. Many of the children later appear on the rolls of several Reformed churches.

Jacob Boas of Whitpain Twp. made his will 6 Aug. 1829, proved 28 Apr. 1835, naming wife Margaret, sons Jacob and John, stepdaughter Elizabeth Lukens. His estate made payments to Joseph and Casper Lukens. His

widow may be a second wife and not the mother of Jacob and John. This Jacob may be a younger brother of Mathias. He seems too old to be his son, though some relationship is indicated. Mathias's son Conrad bought land in Whitpain in 1834 [50:202]. He married (as Conrad Boz) 7 Apr. 1815, in the Reformed Church of Germantown (now Philadelphia), Mary Stenberger. In 1841 we find a Conrad and a Mathias Boos in Wentz's Reformed Church, Worcester Twp. Perhaps connected with this family is an item in the records of the Reformed Church of Germantown: "14 Aug. 1791 baptised Jacob and Christian Frederick, children of Peter and Maria Umringhaus, sponsor Margaretha Boss, the grandmother of the children."

The records of the Trinity Evangelical Lutheran Church add one more Boas who is entirely unidentified. Under date of 6 Nov. 1809 were baptized the following children of Abraham and Elisabeth Boas. The dates following their names are their birth dates, and after that are the names of the sponsors:

Rebecca	b. Dec. 1805	Barbara Schwartz
Maria	b. 1 Oct. 1807	Judith Boas
Sarah	b. May 1809	the mother

The above Judith Boas is also unidentified.

ANCESTOR TABLES

LVII. ANCESTOR TABLE, WILLIAM HENRY LATHROP
Father of Hubbel Lathrop, Stanwich Lane, Greenwich, Conn.

—I
1. William Henry Lathrop, 1855-1940, Manchester, Vt.
—II
2. Hubbel Lathrop, 1819-1887, Manchester, Vt.
3. Pamelia Clarissa Hill, 1818-1901.
—III
4. Hubbel Lathrop, 1779-1842, Manchester, Vt.
5. Laura Brownson, 1785-1841.
6. Abner Hill, 1776-1843, Sunderland, Vt.
7. Clarissa Hill, 1782-1863.
—IV
8.*Arunah Lathrop, 1735-1817(?), Franklin, Conn.
9.*
10. Eli Brownson, 1748-1830, Manchester, Vt.
11. Abi Jewell, 1745-1800.
12. Abner Hill, 1726-1801, Sunderland, Vt.
13. Sarah Bivins, 1751-1804.
14. Ezra Hill, 1759-1826, Sunderland, Vt.
15. Olive Scranton, 1757-1839.
—V
16. Benjamin Lothrop, 1699-1774, Norwich, Conn.
17. Mary Adgate, 1694-1740.

18.*
19.*
20. Timothy Brownson, 1701-1766, Salisbury, Conn.
21. Abigail Jenner, 1707-1784.
22. Joshua Jewell, 1713-1789, Salisbury, Conn.
23. Mary Dean, 1716/17-1801.
24. Daniel Hill, 1692-1744/5, Guilford, Conn.
25. Mindwell Wilcox, 1696-1770.
26.*Thomas Bivins, 1713- , E. Guilford, Conn.
27.*Watchful -----, c.1713-1802, (m. Haddam; d. Sunderland, Vt.).
28. Reuben Hill, 1715-1804, Guilford, Conn.
29. Mercy Jacobs, 1713-1776.
30. Noah Scranton, 1714/15-1760, Madison, Conn.
31. Esther Bradley, 1719-1792.
—VI
32. Israel Lothrop, 1659-1733, Norwich, Conn.
33. Rebecca Bliss, 1663-1737.
34. Thomas Adgate, 1669/70-1760, Norwich, Conn.
35. Ruth Brewster, 1671-1734.
36 to 39.*
40. Cornelius Brownson, 1648-1732, Woodbury, Conn.
41.*Abigail Welton, -liv.1742.
42.*Samuel Jenner, -1738, Woodbury, Conn.
43.*Hannah (Hinman?), -1743.
44. Nathaniel Jewell, 1678-1730, Plainfield, Conn.
45.*Sarah Whitney, 1668- .
46. Jonathan Dean, 1695-1763, Plainfield, Conn.
47.*Sarah Olcott, 1694- .
48. James Hill, 1646-1707, Guilford, Conn.
49. Sarah Griswold, 1662-1729.
50. Obadiah Wilcox, 1648-1713, Guilford, Conn.
51. Silence Mansfield, 1664-1736/7.
52. Thomas Bevin, 1682-1742, Haddam, Conn.
53. Martha Stancliff, 1688-1725.
54.*
55.*
56. Daniel Hill, 1692-1745, E. Guilford, Conn.
57. Mindwell Wilcox, 1696-1770.
58.*Samuel Jacobs, 1671-1741/2, New Haven, Conn.
59.*Margaret Old, - .
60. John Scranton, 1676-1723, E. Guilford, Conn.
61.*Mary (Norton?), - .
62. Nathan Noah Bradley, 1685-1764, Guilford, Conn.
63. Mary Hatch, 1689-1754.

LVIII. ANCESTOR TABLE, FRANK WHITNEY

Address: 68 East Hartsdale Avenue, Hartsdale, N.Y.

—I
1. Frank Whitney, 1885- , New York, etc., Hartsdale, N.Y.
—II
2. Alfred R. Whitney, 1835-1909, New York City; Morristown, N.J.
3. Mary Louise Freeman, - .
—III
4. James Whitney, 1804-1874, New York City; Boston.
5. Maria Anna LeRoy Rutgers, 1797-1883.

6. David Voorhees Freeman, 1820/2-1901, N.Y.C.; Glen Ridge, N.J.
7. Ellen Eliza Van Voorhees, 1831-1904.
—IV
8. John H. Whitney, 1772-1817, Sherborn & Boston, Mass.
9. Clarissa Slack, 1777- , Needham & Boston, Mass.
10. Nicholas G. Rutgers, 1771-1796.
11. Cornelia Livingston, 1776-1825.
12. Israel Freeman, c.1791- , New Brunswick, N.J.
13. Anna Voorhees, 1794- .
14. James H. Van Voorhees, 1803-1840.
15. Louisa Matilda Whittemore, 1808-1870.
—V
16. James Whitney, 1718-1754, Framingham & Sherborn, Mass.
17. Patience Leland, 1722- .
18. John Slack, 1730-1788.
19. Elizabeth Ruggles, 1733-1818.
20. Anthony Rutgers, 1741- .
21. Gertrude Gouverneur, 1744- .
22. John Livingston, 1749/50-1822.
23. Maria Anna LeRoy, 1759-1795.
24. Henry Freeman, c.1762-1849, Woodbridge, N.J.
25. Mary Bloodgood, 1761-1849.
26. David Voorhees, 1758-1841, New Brunswick, N.J.
27. Eve Ouke (Oakey), 1770-1842.
28. Arnoldus Van Voorhees, 1775-1840, New York, N.Y.
29. Eleanor (Neeltje) Hunt, 1782-1812.
30. Thomas Whittemore, 1775-1825, Leicester, Mass.
31. Hannah Sheldon, 1772-1856.
—VI
32. James Whitney, 1692-1770, Framingham & Sherborn, Mass.
33. Martha Rice, 1692- .
34. Joseph Leland, 1698-1776.
35. Esther Thurston, 1700- .
36. Benjamin Slack, -1761.
37. Jerusha Whiting, 1697- .
38. John Ruggles, 1705-1745.
39. Elizabeth Weld, 1711-1740.
40. Anthony Rutgers, 1717-1746.
41. Margaret Clopper, - .
42. Nicholas Gouverneur, 1713- .
43.*Maria Weelen, - .
44. Robert Livingston, 1708-1790.
45.*Maria Thong, 1711-1765.
46. Jacob LeRoy, 1727-1793.
47. Cornelia Rutgers, 1736- .
48. Henry Freeman, 1717-1784, Woodbridge, N.J.
49.*Mary Reed (Read), 1724-1796.
50.*Moses Bloodgood, - .
51.*
52. Isaac Voorhees, 1716- , Freehold, N.J.
53. Helena Barkaloo, 1723- .
54.*Abraham Ouke, - .
55.*Maria ——.
56. Minne Van Voorhees, 1722-1780, New Brunswick, N.J.
57.*Mary Ouke, - .

58.*James Hunt, - ; in New York Census 1790.
59. Catherine Sleght, 1763- ; from New Brunswick, N.J.
60. John Whittemore, 1721-1809.
61. Elizabeth Earl, 1732- .
62. Benjamin Sheldon, 1728-1803, Northampton, Mass.
63. Elizabeth Hunt, 1738-1821.

LIX. ANCESTOR TABLE, MRS. CHARLES M. LORD

Address: 2800 Erie Street, S.E., Washington 20, D.C.

—I
1. Laura Virginia Harnsberger (Mrs. Charles M. Lord), 1907-
—II
2. Charles Johnston Harnsberger, 1867-1940, Alleghany Co., Va.
3. Annie Laurie Huff, 1877-1953.
—III
4. Amos Harnsberger, 1831-1912, Alleghany Co., Va.
5. Anna Brownlee Johnston, 1829-1900.
6. Martin Judson Huff, 1840-1902, Alleghany Co., Va.
7. Willie Goodwin, 1847-1884.
—IV
8. Sebastian Harnsberger, 1784-1868, Botetourt Co., Va.
9. Elizabeth Pitzer, 1799-1864.
10.*John J. Johnston, 1795-1851, Bath Co., Va.
11.*Emma ——, 1795- .
12. Samuel Huff, 1795-1873, Botetourt Co., Va.
13. Nancy Noffsinger, 1799-1879.
14. Elijah Goodwin, 1804-187-, Albemarle Co., Va.
15. Hester McClure, 1806-1875.
—V
16. John Harnsberger, c.1745-1824, Botetourt Co., Va.
17.*
18. Abraham Pitzer, c.1775-1836, Botetourt Co., Va.
19. Polly Poage, - .
20 to 23.*
24. Lewis Huff, 1755-1823, Frederick Co., Va.
25.*Rachel ——.
26. Peter Noffsinger, -1834, Botetourt Co., Va.
27.*Salome ——.
28. William Goodwin, c.1762-1838, Albemarle Co., Va.
29. Elizabeth Gentry, - .
30. Alexander McClure, -1850, Orange Co., Va.
31. Nancy (Shepherd) Foster, -1854.
—VI
32. Stephen Harnsberger, 1713-1774, Augusta Co., Va.
33.*Agnes ——.
34.*
35.*
36. John Pitzer, c.1750- , Shenandoah Co., Va.
37.*Elizabeth Kiszner, - .
38. (Col.) George Poage, 1734-1786, Botetourt Co., Va.
39. Rachel Stephenson, - .
40 to 47.*
48. Lawrence Huff, -1779, Lancaster Co., Pa.
49.*Margaret Mutchler, - .
50.*
51.*

52.*Peter Nafzger(?), - , York Co., Pa.
53.*Phreney ——.
54 to 57.*
58. Benajah Gentry, 1733-1831, Albemarle Co., Va.
59. —— Austin, - .
60.*
61.*
62. Augustine Shepherd, - , Amherst Co., Va.
63. Sarah Shelton, - .

LX. ANCESTOR TABLE, AGNES CARTER (TREADWELL) PECK
Address: 45 Hill Park Avenue, Great Neck, N.Y.

—I
1. Agnes Carter Treadwell (Mrs. I. Heyward Peck), 1894- .
—II
2. James Wetmore Treadwell, 1854-1919, Flushing, N.Y.
3. Lillian Livingston Holt, 1859-1932.
—III
4. Edward Francis Treadwell, 1820-1868, Flushing, N.Y.
5. Rosina Hamill, 1823-1888.
6. Benjamin Smith Holt, 1805-1874, Flemington, N.J., Baltimore, Md., Flushing, N.Y.
7. Elizabeth Woodruff Burroughs, 1814-1879.
—IV
8. John Pomeroy Treadwell, 1778-1842, Burlington, Conn.; New York, N.Y.; Middletown, Conn.
9. Hannah Edwards Wetmore, 1784-1857.
10.*Thomas Hamill, - , Baltimore, Md.
11.*(Lady?) Elizabeth Carter, - , (England or Ireland).
12. Philemon Holt, 1775-1864, East Haven, Conn.
13. Desire Smith, 1781-1866.
14. Charles Burroughs, 1788-1864, Trenton, N.J.
15. Elizabeth Morris, 1791-1838.
—V
16. Gov. John Treadwell, 1745-1823, Farmington, Conn.
17. Dorothy Pomeroy, 1745-1829.
18. Oliver Wetmore, 1750-1798, Middletown, Conn.
19. Sarah Brewster, 1754-1827.
20 to 23.*
24. Dan Holt, 1744-1829, East Haven, Conn.
25. Anna Hitchcock, 1746-1818.
26. Benjamin Smith, 1757-1794, East Haven, Conn.
27. Lydia Gates, 1753-1797.
28. John Burroughs, 1754-1842, Trenton, N.J.
29. Rhoda Hendrickson, 1760-1844.
30.*John Morris, 1768-1844, Trenton, N.J.
31.*Margaret ——, 1769-1837.
—VI
32. Capt. Ephraim Treadwell, 1710-1782, Farmington, Conn.
33. Mary Porter, 1713-1798.
34. Josiah Pomeroy, 1703-1790, Northampton, Mass.
35. Lydia Ashley, 1710-1772.
36. Judge Seth Wetmore, 1700-1778, Middletown, Conn.
37. Hannah Edwards, 1713-1772.
38. Capt. Elisha Brewster, 1715-1789, Middletown, Conn.
39. Lucy Yeomans, 1722-1775.

40 to 47.*
48. Daniel Holt, 1711-1756, East Haven, Conn.
49. Anna Smith, 1719-1798.
50. Daniel Hitchcock, 1708-1761, East Haven, Conn.
51. Abigail Chidsey, 1707-1761.
52. Daniel Smith, 1727-1783, East Haven, Conn.
53. Hannah Atwater, 1730-1785.
54. Josiah Gates, 1722-1753, East Haddam, Conn.
55. Lydia Marvin, 1733-1775.
56. James Burroughs, 1735-1789, Trenton, N.J.
57.*Mary Jones, 1735-1798.
58.*John Hendrickson, - , Trenton, N.J.
59.*Sarah Pearce (Pierce), - .
60 to 63.*

LXI. ANCESTOR TABLE, MARION RUTH (WINSLOW) PERLEE
Address: 61 Catlin Road, Franklin, N.J.

—I
1. Marion Ruth Winslow (Mrs. Alfred H. Perlee), 1908-
—II
2. David Herbert Winslow, 1873-1931, Washington, D.C.
3. Ruth May Upton, 1880- .
—III
4. George William Winslow, 1832-1911, New Bedford, Mass.
5. Jane Lucretia Southwick, 1837-1914.
6. Edward Manning Upton, 1848-1929, Rowe, Mass.
7. Mary Asenath Cutting, 1846-1912.
—IV
8. Simeon Aldrich Winslow, 1803-1835, Uxbridge, Mass.
9. Mary Shephard Slade, 1803-18—.
10. David Southwick, 1789-1843, Northbridge, Mass.
11. Lucretia Larkin, 1790-1878.
12. Elias Upton, 1824-1852, Charlemont, Mass.
13. Dianna Dickinson, 1823-1897.
14. James Cutting, 1800-1857, Whitingham, Vt.
15. Asenath Rodgers, 1807-1882 (2nd wife).
—V
16. Ebenezer Winslow, 1778-1824, Petersham, Mass.
17.*Nancy Aldrich, - .
18. Howland Slade, 1772- , Uxbridge, Mass.
19. Mary Purington, 1774- .
20. Jacob Southwick, 1751-1833, Uxbridge, Mass.
21. Sarah Fowler, 1753-1829.
22. Ephraim Larkin, 1763-1841, Berlin, Mass.
23. Dinah Baker, 1763- .
24. Nehemiah Newhall Upton, 1797-1860, Charlemont, Mass.
25. Phebe Babbitt, 1797-1872.
26.*Levi Dickinson, 1769-1856, Florida, Mass.
27.*Mary (Polly) Stanford, - (2nd wife).
28. David Cutting, 1765-1850, Templeton, Mass.
29.*Sarah Child, -1808.
30.*(Robert Rodgers?).
31.*(Persis Terril?).
—VI
32. Ebenezer Winslow, 1749-1822, Petersham, Mass.
33. Rebeckah Dean, 1751-1809.

34.*
35.*
36. Stephen Slade, 1747-1808, Swansea, Mass.
37. Dorcas Howland, 1750-1808.
38. Clarke Purington, 1754-1817, Somerset, Mass.
39. Sarah Shove, - .
40. Jonathan Southwick, 1697-1786, Mendon, Mass.
41. Hannah Osborn, 1717-1775.
42. Samuel Fowler, 1729-1819, Swansea & Uxbridge, Mass.
43. Hannah Bowen, 1733-1809.
44. Peter Larkin, 1727-1815, Lancaster, Mass.
45. Azubah Wheeler, 1731-1805.
46. Benjamin Baker, - , Bolton, Mass.
47. Dinah Wheeler, 1741-1813.
48. Elias Upton, 1765-1841, Charlemont, Mass.
49. Esther Newhall, 1766-1857.
50. Henry Babbitt, 1764-1849, Colrain, Mass.
51.*Mary Faulkner, 1762-1819.
52.*George Dickinson, 1743- , Southington, Conn.
53. Eunice Bunnell, 1745- .
54.*Moses Stanford, 1753-1827, Charlemont, Mass.
55.*Jemima Flagg, 1753-1841.
56. Samuel Cutting, 1742-1814, Sudbury, Mass.
57.*Lois Willis, -1831.
58 to 63.*

LXII. ANCESTOR TABLE, MAUDE A. THOMSON (MRS. CONKLIN MANN)
Residence: New York, N.Y.

—I
1. Maude Artemisia Thomson (Mrs. Conklin Mann), 1886- .
—II
2. Charles Ithai[8] Thomson, 1858-1945, Holland Patent, Utica, N.Y.
3. Anna Blanche[9] Reed, 1858-1918.
—III
4. Ira[7] Thomson, 1819-1872, Holland Patent, N.Y.
5. Sophia West[7] Hamlin, 1823-1874.
6. George Warren[8] Reed, 1819-1865, Fairfield, Herkimer Co., N.Y.
7. Jane Helen[8] Ingham, 1834-1882.
—IV
8. Ithai[6] Thomson, 1782-1856, Farmington, Conn.; Holland Patent.
9. Rebecca[7] Starr, 1789-1841.
10. Joseph[6] Hamlin, 1784-1861, Middletown, Conn.; Holland Patent.
11. Catherine[7] West, 1792-1826.
12. Zachariah[7] Reed, 1787-1881, Sheffield, Mass.; Fairfield, N.Y.
13. Phoebe[5] Nelson, 1790-1882, Staatsburgh, N.Y.
14. David[7] Ingham, 1807-1877, Manheim, Newport, N.Y.
15. Anna Maria[3] Schuyler, 1810-1881.
—V
16. Barnabas[5] Thomson, 1752-1798, Farmington, Conn.; Washington, Mass.
17. Mercy[5] Peck, 1756-1790.
18. Richard[6] Starr, 1745-1812, Groton, Norwich, Conn.; Dalton, Mass.
19. Elizabeth ——, c.1750-1828.
20. William[5] Hamlin, 1754-1830, Middletown, Conn.; Charlestown, N.H.
21. Lucy[5] Kirby, 1760-1792.

22. Samuel Sprague[6] West, 1766-c.1830, Martha's Vineyard, Mass.; Acworth, N.H.
23. Phebe[6] Carleton, c.1770-by 1810.
24. Augustus[6] Reed, 1761-aft.1830, New Marlborough, Mass.; Hillsdale, N.Y.
25. Rhoda[6] Spaulding, 1763-1792.
26. Paul[4] Nelson, 1755-1832, Fishkill, Little Falls, N.Y.
27. Hannah[3] Churchill, 1757-1848.
28. Stephen[6] Ingham, 1778-1875, Ingham's Mills, Herkimer Co., N.Y.; Lake Geneva, Wis.
29. Hulda[7] Ambler, 1787-aft.1875.
30. Samuel[2] Schuyler, 1771-1824, German Valley, N.J.; Manheim, N.Y.
31. Abigail[3] Fancher, 1774-1856.

—VI

32. Barnabas[4] Thomson, 1723-1776, Farmington, Conn.
33. Ruth[5] Hart, 1724-1792, Farmington, Conn.
34. Abijah[4] Peck, 1709-1797, Berlin (Farmington), Conn.
35. Abigail[4] Galpin, 1720-1775.
36. Richard[5] Starr, 1718-1805, Groton, Conn.; Hinsdale, Mass.
37. Priscilla Smith, c.1718- , Groton, Conn.
38.*
39.*
40. William[4] Hamlin, 1726-1821, Middletown, Conn.; Charlestown, N.H.
41. Hannah[5] Allen, 1730-1807, Northampton, Mass.
42. Thomas[4] Kirby, 1729-1810, Middletown, Conn.
43. Lucy[4] Stocking, 1737-1818, Middletown, Conn.
44. John[5] West, 1735-by 1785, Martha's Vineyard, Dartmouth, Mass.
45. Waitstill Mercy[4] Chase, 1741- , Martha's Vineyard, Mass.
46. Dean[5] Carlton, 1739-1812, Bradford, Mass.; Acworth, N.H.
47. Keziah[5] Willard, 1744- , Lunenburg, Mass.
48. David[5] Reed, 1735-1828, New Marlborough, Sheffield, Mass.
49. Waitstill[5] Raynesford, 1742-by 1794, New Marlborough, Mass.
50. Zachariah[5] Spaulding, c.1741-aft.1812, Sheffield, Mass.
51.*Rachel -----, -by 1785.
52. Enoch[3] Nelson, c.1720-by 1767, Mamaroneck, Fishkill, N.Y.
53. Anna[4] Cronkheit, 1723-aft.1770, Sleepy Hollow, N.Y.
54. John[2] Churchill, c.1718-by 1774, Jamaica, L.I.; Fishkill, N.Y.
55. Rebecca[4] Southard, c.1732- , Fishkill, N.Y.
56. Joseph[5] Ingham, 1742-1791, Durham, Conn.; Richmond, Mass.
57. Mehitabel Brown, 1749-c.1802, Durham, Conn.
58. Abraham[6] Ambler, c.1752-1839, Westchester, Columbia, Rensselaer Counties, N.Y.
59. Rhoda[5] Keeler, 1766-1813, Ridgefield, Conn.
60. Jacob[1] Schuyler, 1734-1807, Hunterdon Co., N.J.; Montgomery Co., N.Y.
61. Eve[2] Swackhammer, -by 1785, German Valley, N.J.
62. Richard[2] Fancher, 1731-1778, New Canaan, Conn.; Roxbury, N.J.
63. Sarah[5] Douglas, 1737-aft.1806, Colchester, Conn.; Roxbury, N.J.

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* The asterisk in ancestor tables indicates that the descendant will welcome further information.

THE SILAS RICHMONDS OF LITCHFIELD AND GOSHEN

Prepared by Donald Lines Jacobus, F.A.S.G.,
for Mr. Roy H. Elliott of Oakland, California

Samuel Richmond of Taunton, Mass., a great-grandson of Thomas Rogers of the Mayflower, born 23 Sept. 1668, died between 11 and 30 June 1736, in his will named his [second] wife Elizabeth, sons Samuel, Oliver, Thomas, and Silas, daughters Hannah Booth, Lydia Thomas, and Mehitable Horton, also a "cousin" Joseph Richmond [The Mayflower Descendant, 21:44-46].

The birth record of the son Silas is not found, but it is accepted that he was the Silas Richmond who settled in Litchfield, Conn., where his marriage on 19 Dec. 1733 to Hannah Emmons, and the births of children to them in 1734 and 1736 are recorded. He first bought land there 20 June 1738, three acres which he sold 24 Jan. 1740/1; he next bought 20 1/4 acres, for £70, on 21 Sept. 1742, built on it, and sold it with a house for £400 on 5 Nov. 1750 [Litchfield Deeds, 3:86, 232; 4:3, 370]. Other children, who must have been born in Litchfield, are not recorded.

He moved to Goshen, Conn., where he bought from James Pennock on 30 Nov. 1750, then described as Silas Richmond of Litchfield. Of Goshen, he conveyed 30 Aug. 1754 for love to his son Ephraim Richmond. Silas and Ephraim Richmond of Goshen exchanged land with each other, 15 Feb. 1755. On 21 Mar. 1761, Silas Richmond of Litchfield conveyed for love to his son Ephraim Richmond of New Milford, this deed being witnessed by a Silas Richmond, who must have been a son, Silas jr.; and Ephraim of New Milford conveyed 2 June 1761 to Silas Richmond of Goshen. This must have been Ephraim's brother Silas, because the father was "of Litchfield" over two months earlier, and the younger Silas, being the only one of the name left in Goshen, did not need to be described as "junior." Finally, on 8 Mar. 1762, Silas Richmond "of Litchfield" sold to Noah Bishop of Litchfield the land "I purchased of James Pennock" with a dwelling house. [Goshen Deeds, 3:103, 240, 274, 281; 4:99, 111; 6:177.]

It thus appears that Silas lived in Litchfield at least from 1738 to 1750, and in Goshen from 1750 to 1755 or later, and that he was again of Litchfield in 1761 and 1762. He did not buy land again in Litchfield but apparently was still there in 1764 when Sarah Richmond, presumably his daughter, was called "of Litchfield" in the New Milford record of her marriage. Ephraim Richmond had two children recorded in Goshen, 1756 and 1758; as we have seen, he was of New Milford by 1761 and he had his marriage and the births of his

eleven children recorded there, including the two actually born in Goshen, whose birth records are thus duplicated. We find also in New Milford the record of death of Silas Richmond, described as "father of Ephraim," on 21 Feb. 1784. He had probably been renting in Litchfield and possibly not doing well financially, and at some date after 1764, perhaps not long after, his children all being married, came to New Milford to live with his eldest son Ephraim, and there ended his days.

The known and presumed children of Silas Richmond and Hannah Emmons, married 19 Dec. 1733, we place as follows:

i. Ephraim, b. 15 June 1734; m. at New Milford, 2 Dec. 1754, Martha Seelye; had 11 children. He had land in Goshen from his father in 1754; bought in New Milford 4 Dec. 1759; and was of New Milford 2 June 1761 when he conveyed the Goshen land to a Silas Richmond, doubtless his brother.

ii. Phebe, b. 29 Oct. 1736.

iii. Silas, b. (say 1738); see below for his history.

iv. Samuel, b. (say 1740); was "of Goshen, deceased," 12 May 1778 when Barnabas Richmond was made guardian of Samuel's son Isaac, aged 14 (Litchfield Probate, File 4911). Wife unknown; only child found: Isaac, b. ca. 1764.

v. Sarah, b. (say 1744); m. as "of Litchfield," but recorded at New Milford, 4 Oct. 1764, Jonathan Pierce, jr. They had 4 children recorded in New Milford, of whom the eldest was named Silas.

vi. Barnabas, b. (say 1746); m. Lucia Hurlbut. On 20 Mar. 1777, Silas Richmond of Goshen, for £130, conveyed 47 acres to Barnabas Richmond of Goshen (Goshen Deeds 6:146). On 19 Mar. 1777, Barnabas Richmond and wife Lucia, with Gideon Hurlbutt and David Hurlbutt, gave a deed as heirs of Jeremiah Hurlbutt of Goshen dec'd who left a widow Hannah (ibid., 6:454). On 12 Apr. 1783, Barnabas Richmond, late of Goshen, now of Poultney, Rutland Co., Vt., for £210, sold to Silas Richmond of Goshen, 47 acres with buildings (ibid., 7:9).

vii. Hannah, b. (say 1748); m. at Goshen, 20 Dec. 1768, John Gould. His last deed in Goshen was a mortgage of his homestead on 11 Apr. 1780 (ibid., 8:250).

Silas Richmond, jr., born perhaps 1738, lived at Goshen until 1799, then removed to Alford, Mass., where he died 18 Sept. 1810. We expect to show that he married first, at Goshen, 29 Mar. 1762, Hannah (Wadhams) Tuttle, born at Wethersfield, Conn., 24 Aug. 1721, died at Goshen 5 Mar. 1799 (gravestone, not quite in agreement with birth record, as it calls her aged 76), widow of Timothy Tuttle, a woman seventeen years his senior and already the mother of eleven Tuttle children;

married second, probably about 1800, Sarah (Potter) Luddington, born about 1761-2, divorced wife of Eliphalet Luddington.

The will of Silas Richmond of Alford, filed 1 Oct. 1810, named wife Sarah, daughter Sina Richmond, grandson Silas Richmond Demming, son of deceased daughter Sarah Demming, and granddaughter Hannah Demming [letter from Helen S. Purnell, Assistant Register, Berkshire County Court of Probate]. This proves that Silas was father of Sarah Richmond who married at Goshen, 19 Dec. 1782, Jonathan Deming.

The Deming Genealogy makes Sarah daughter of Silas Richmond by "Sarah Luddington," which is quite impossible. The Richmond Genealogy knows of Sarah (Potter) Luddington as the only named wife of Silas. The Mayflower Index [1:608] shows a line through Silas Richmond and Hannah Emmons; their son Silas Richmond and Sarah (Potter) Luddington; and (p.607) the latter's daughter Lucina Richmond and Elisha Bassett. The last statement appears to be quite correct, as Lucina is doubtless the child "Sina" named in the will of Silas, and she would be a child by the second wife.

Hannah Wadhams, daughter of Noah and Ann (Hurlbut) Wadhams, was born at Wethersfield [V.R. 1:84] 24 Aug. 1721. Noah Wadhams and his family moved to Goshen, where on 27 Jan. 1742/3 Hannah Wadhams married Timothy Tuttle [Goshen V.R. 1:255]. They had eleven recorded children, born 1743-1760. Timothy Tuttle died 23 Oct. 1760. The distribution of his estate names his widow Hannah and the nine surviving children, Amos, Elisha, Ichabod, Noah, Timothy, Mary, Thankfull, Hannah, and Lois [Litchfield Probate, File 5991]. On 29 Mar. 1762, Hannah Tuttle married Silas Richmond.

Hannah's father Noah Wadhams lived to a great age. His will [Litchfield Probate, File 6085], dated 10 Feb. 1776, proved 6 May 1783, named among other children, "Hannah the wife of Silas Richmond and her Children." The identity of the first wife of Silas Richmond is thus positively proved. By her he had children:

i. A son, no name stated, b. 3 Oct. 1762; evidently d.y.
ii. Sarah, b. 27 June 1765; birth not found in Goshen records but given in Deming Genealogy, probably from a family source; m. at Goshen, 19 Dec. 1782, Jonathan Deming, b. at Goshen 21 Nov. 1756, d. at Castleton, Vt., 16 Apr. 1836. Four children. Sarah seems to have d. 1788, as the other ten children are attributed to Jonathan's second wife, Jane Kelsey, and the first of these children was born 1789.
iii. Silas, b. 15 Dec. 1768; d. 4 Sept. 1777 ae. 9 (g.s.).

Hannah wife of Silas Richmond died 5 Mar. 1799 aged 76 according to her stone which stands by that of her

boy Silas who died in childhood (above), and also by that of her second Tuttle son, Elisha Tuttle who died 28 July 1825 aged 79.

Silas Richmond's deeds in Goshen are too numerous to cite in full. On 15 May 1783, Silas Richmond and wife Hannah, Wait Hinman and wife Mary, all of Goshen, and Elizabeth Beach of Litchfield, for love and goodwill, conveyed to their sister Ann wife of John Hoy of Goshen, all right to 13 acres bounded west on land of Ens. Jonathan Wadhams [10:74]. This was nine days after Noah Wadhams' will was proved, and pertained to the inheritance of the Wadham daughters. Silas had many deeds with his Tuttle stepchildren, of which the following are illustrative. On 28 Aug. 1780, Timothy Tuttle of Canaan, Conn., sold to Silas Richmond of Goshen a right from father Timothy Tuttle set out "to my hon^{d} Mother Hannah the wife of sd Silas" [6:284]. On 8 May 1789 Silas Richmond and Elisha Tuttle make an agreement: "Whereas Timoth Tuttel Late of Goshen by will gave to his wife Hannah now the wife of sd Silas use of land as her dower" etc. [8:302].

On 18 Aug. 1783, Silas Richmond conveyed 47 acres, for £500, to Jonathan Deming [7:88]. Deming made sales. His last deed was on 26 Mar. 1792, to Silas Richmond, for £70, of 28 acres with buildings [9:150]. It will be seen that Richmond put land in Deming's name less than a year after Deming married his daughter and only surviving child. The daughter had died and Deming married again, and probably he was about to remove when he conveyed back to Richmond what remained of the homestead.

On 9 Aug. 1799, Silas Richmond of Goshen, for $2500, sold to Daniel F. Raymond of Montville, Conn., 126 acres in five pieces, one with a dwelling house [10:179]. This was five months after the death of his wife. In April 1800 two conveyances from Tuttle heirs were given to Silas Richmond of Alford, Berkshire Co., Mass. [10: 11, 12]. These were evidently to clear title to some of the land he had already sold, as there are no further sales by Richmond.

Silas was probably about 61 when he lost his elderly wife and left Goshen, and he presumably married again soon after. Eliphalet Luddington, born about 1756, died at Bethlehem, Conn., 4 Oct. 1838 aged 84, married at East Haven, Conn., 9 June 1777, Sarah Potter, eldest child of Capt. Israel and Mary (Lawson) Potter who were married 4 Feb. 1761, so she was born probably 1761-2. The family moved to Litchfield about 1780. Luddington divorced her for adultery in 1786, but Richmond was not the man named in the action as co-respondent. Richmond could not have married her until after 1799, and by her he had one child, Lucina (called Sina in his will).

PUZZLES WE WISH SOMEBODY WOULD SOLVE
I. MARIE CATHERINE FRANÇOISE BROWN, GRANDMOTHER OF THE EMPRESS JOSEPHINE

By John Insley Coddington, F.A.S.G., of Swarthmore, Penna.

Some years ago there was reprinted in The American Genealogist (supra, vol. 15, p. 192) a delightful poem, entitled "Smith and Jones and Brown," by an anonymous poet. The first stanza is so appropriate that it must be repeated here:

> I've pointed 'em in Savage, I've run 'em down in Burke,
> Through Hotten's lists and others I've warmed unto the work,
> Till now I've got 'em sorted and set out row by row,
> Two, four and eight, and so on, as far as they will go.
> As they lie spread before me my pride is taken down
> By an over great proportion of Smith and Jones and Brown.

All of us who have traced our ancestry have found a plethora of common names, so it may do us good to remember that even so glamorous an historical figure as the Empress Josephine, first wife of the Emperor Napoleon I, had a grandmother whose maiden name was Brown. Through the marriages of Josephine's two children (by her first husband, Aléxandre, Vicomte de Beauharnais), the blood of this Brown ancestress has flowed and still flows in the veins of a number of past and present European sovereigns and notables. These include Josephine's aforementioned two children, Eugène de Beauharnais, Viceroy of Italy and later Duke of Leuchtenberg, and Hortense de Beauharnais, Queen of Holland; and her grandchildren, among whom were Queen Josephine (wife of Oscar I, King of Sweden and Norway), Auguste, Duke of Leuchtenberg (first husband of Queen Maria II of Portugal), Empress Amalia (second wife of Emperor Dom Pedro I of Brazil), and that extraordinary individual Louis Napoleon Bonaparte (later Napoleon III, Emperor of the French). Among the later descendants of the Empress Josephine, all of whom shared the Brown ancestry, were Kings Charles XV, Oscar II, Gustaf V and Gustav VI of Sweden, Queen Louise (wife of King Frederick VIII of Denmark), Kings Christian X and Frederick IX of Denmark and the latter's wife, Queen Ingrid; King Haakon VII of Norway, his son and daughter-in-law, Crown Prince Olaf and the late Crown Princess Märtha of Norway; the beautiful Queen Astrid, first wife of Leopold III, former King of the Belgians; her son, Baudouin I, present King of the Belgians; Prince Max of Baden, the last Chancellor of imperial Germany in 1918; the Russian Princes Romanowsky and Dukes of Leuchtenberg (some of whom now live in Canada); and a host of other interest-

ing personages.

Marie Catherine Françoise Brown, grandmother of the Empress Josephine and ancestress of all the foregoing people, was born about 1710-1714, probably in the West Indies and possibly on the island of Martinique. She was married on Martinique, 4 July 1729, to Joseph François Desvergers de Sannois, who was baptized at Trois Ilets, Martinique, 21 Jan. 1705 (N.S.), and is said to have died in Martinique in 1767. Marie Catherine Françoise (Brown) Desvergers de Sannois survived her husband and is said to have died in Martinique in 1784 [Stephan Kekule von Stradonitz, Ahnentafel Atlas der Regenten Europas und ihrer Gemahlinnen, Berlin, 1898-1904, Tafel 71]. A pedigree of the family of Desvergers de Sannois (who bore arms "d'azur à une bande d'or") is in Chaix d'Est-Ange, Dictionnaire des familles francaises, vol. 14, pp. 26-7. The descent is established from Florimond des Vergers, chevalier, seigneur de Sannois, d'Auroy et d'Annet, who married by Contract dated 6 May 1592 Charlotte de Longvilliers de Poincy. Their son François des Vergers married 6 July 1623 Marguerite Delaporte. Their son Dominique (born 1631) called himself Desvergers de Sannois, and emigrated to the island of St. Christophe in the West Indies, where he married Catherine Lafond. Their son Jean moved to Martinique, and married there Louise Elisabeth Duval. Their son Joseph (whose noble rank was recognized 9 July 1710) was the father of Joseph François Desvergers de Sannois, husband of Marie Catherine Françoise Brown.

The last-named couple had two children, a son Jean Joseph, and a daughter Rose Claire. The latter, born at Trois Ilets, Martinique, 27 Aug. 1736, died there 2 June or 2 July 1807, having married 9 Nov. 1761 Joseph Gaspard de Tascher de la Pagerie, who was born at Carbet, Martinique, 5 July 1735, and died at Trois Ilets 7 Nov. 1790 or 6 Nov. 1791 (the conflicting dates are taken from Kekule, op. cit., Tafel 71, and Vicomte A. Révérend, Titres...de la restauration, 1814-1830, vol. 6, p. 319.

Joseph Gaspard and Rose Claire (Desvergers de Sannois) de Tascher de la Pagerie had three daughters, all born at Trois Ilets, Martinique: (1) Marie Rose Josèphe, later called Josephine (b. 23 June 1763); (2) Catherine Désirée (b. 11 Dec. 1764, d. 16 Dec. 1767); (3) Marie Françoise (b. 3 Sept. 1767, d. unmarried 15 Nov. 1791). The eldest of these girls was to become the famous Empress Josephine. She was sent to France to be educated, and she married first, at Noisy-le-Grand near Paris, 13 Dec. 1779, Aléxandre François Marie, Vicomte de Beauharnais, who was born at Fort Royal, Martinique, 28 Mar.

or 28 May 1760, and was guillotined at Paris 23 July 1794. Josephine married, secondly, at Paris, by civil ceremony only, 9 Mar. 1796, General Napoleon Bonaparte, who was born at Ajaccio, Corsica, 15 Aug. 1769, became First Consul of France 9 Nov. 1799, and Consul for Life 29 July 1802. He was proclaimed Emperor of the French 18 May 1804, and she was married to him again by religious ceremony on 1 Dec. 1804, just before the coronation ceremony of 2 Dec. 1804, in which Napoleon crowned himself and then crowned Josephine as Emperor and Empress of the French. Their divorce took place 15 Dec. 1809, and Josephine was granted the title of Duchesse de Navarre 9 Apr. 1810. She lived in retirement from this time on in the chateau of La Malmaison near Paris, and she died there 29 May 1814, while her famous husband was in his temporary exile on the island of Elba. As we all know, he proclaimed himself Emperor again 12 Mar. 1815, finally abdicated 22 June 1815, and died in exile, on the estate of Longwood, St. Helena, 5 May 1821.

The question of the parentage of Marie Catherine Françoise Brown is the one we should like to see solved. There were families named Brown or Browne settled on the islands of Antigua and Nevis. A good pedigree of the former is in Caribbeana, vol. 5, pp. 58-61, and of the latter in the same journal, vol. 1, p. 35. There is, moreover, a will of one Samuel Browne of Nevis, merchant, dated 3 Aug. 1712, in Caribbeana, vol. 6, pp. 13-14. In none of the references given to the Brown family of the British West Indies, however, does one find a hint of any French intermarriage, and we assume from the Christian names of Marie Catherine Françoise Brown that her mother was French. But in the fine book by Abby Isabel Bulkley, The Chad Browne Memorial (Brooklyn, N.Y., 1888), we find an extraordinary number of mariners and sea-captains who sailed from Providence and other Rhode Island ports to the West Indies, and some of them appear to have been so attracted by the languorous charm of the islands and the fortunes to be made in sugar and rum that they settled there permanently. It would be splendid if it could be ascertained that the Empress Josephine had Rhode Island ancestors through her Brown grandmother; so we feel no hesitation in urging some of our readers to escape the North American winters, journey to the romantic and beautiful island of Martinique either by ship or by air, search the registres de l'état civil in Martinique and the parish registers of Trois Ilets in that island, and see if any connection can be established between the seafaring Yankee Browns of Rhode Island and Marie Catherine Françoise Brown, grandmother of the Empress Josephine.

DESCENT FROM HAROLD GODWINSON

In his interesting paper upon Harold Godwinson and his descendants [supra, pp. 87-94], Mr. Rubincam traces a descent from Harold through Andrew II of Hungary (1170-1235) and his first wife, Gertrude of Meran, to Queen Philippa, wife of King Edward III.

It may be of some interest that Edward III also had a descent from Harold through Andrew II of Hungary and his second wife, Yolande, daughter of Peter de Courtenay, Emperor of the East. Their daughter, Yolande, who married in 1235 James "the Conqueror," King of Aragon, was the mother of Isabel of Aragon, who married in 1262 as his first wife, Philip III "le Hardi," King of France. Their son was King Philip IV of France, who married Jeanne of Navarre and had Isabel "La Belle," wife of Edward II and mother of Edward III.

An interesting book on Philip IV has recently appeared, entitled "The Iron King."

Regarding the ancestry of Earl Godwine, the distinguished Anglo-Saxon scholar, Alfred Anscombe, F.R.Hist. Soc., published in the English Historical Society Transactions, 3rd series, vol. iv (1913), a very valuable paper showing that, far from being of obscure origin, Earl Godwine descended from the Ealdorman Aethelweard, the historian. Very recently my friend, Lundie W. Barlow of Boston, has written an important amplification, showing that the Ealdorman Aethelweard descended from King Aethelred, brother of Aelfred the Great. Mr. Barlow's paper is appearing in the New England Hist. and Gen. Register for January 1957. Hence instead of the obscure origin usually attributed to Earl Godwine, it may be said of him that "his kin goeth back to Cerdic."

G. Andrews Moriarty, F.S.A., F.S.G.

WILLIAM GRAVES OF NEWTOWN, L. I.

Of the four persons named as probable issue at the bottom of page 42 of Vol. 33 of The American Genealogist in an article on William Graves of Newtown, only two were definitely his grandchildren and the other two listed are positively wrong.

William Graves of Newtown by will left the remainder of his lands, etc., to his grandchildren (the children of his daughter Hannah Grave and his grandchild Abigail Dibble). The descent and disposition of this property show who the grandchildren were other than Abigail Dibble. And the share of each in the property determines

the number of grandchildren. As each grandchild necessarily disposed of a fourth, there could be only four heirs including Abigail Dibble. Deducting her, that makes then three children of Hannah Grave, two of whom were mentioned in the aforesaid article, and a third who had not been found.

The Queens County Deeds registered at Jamaica, L.I., and submitted here as evidence are as follows:

Deliverance Graves of Newtowne...sold unto Robert Coe...ye fourth part of a certaine messuage...which was formerly...of William Graves deceased...in ye township of Newtowne which land and movables was bequeathed unto Deliverance Graves. Mar. 9, 1694/5. Deed Book A, pp. 107-108.

William Spencer of Hopewell in ye county of Burlington in West New Jersey...and his wife Susannah...sold unto John and Robert Coe...fourth part of a certain messuage...formerly...of John and William Graves of Newtowne deceased...in Newtowne together with ye fourth part of all ye goods as it was willed & bequeathed by ye said John & Wm Graves...unto the said Susanah now ye wife of ye said Wm Spencer. Sept. 28, 1697. Deed Book B1, p. 335.

Richard Ellison of Newtowne and Elizab his wife both of Marsfield [sic, but Mansfield] in ye County of Burlington in West New Jersey...sold unto John and Robert Coe all that fourth part...of a certain messuage.... which was of William and John Graves of Newtowne...in ye sd towne of Newtowne...as willed by said William and John Graves to ye said Elizab now ye wife of ye said Richard Ellison. Sept. 28, 1697. Deed Book B1, p.337.

It follows that Abigail Dibble necessarily disposed of only a quarter of the Graves property. [Newtown Minutes.]

The issue of Hannah Graves (who could have been born a Graves and married one of the same name) were:

Deliverance, m. Walter Taylor.
Susannah, m. William Spencer. [He made his will 4 Dec. 1738 as of Trenton (set off from Hopewell March 1719/20), Hunterdon Co. (set off from Burlington 1714), N.J.]
Elizab, m. Richard Allison.

S. Allyn Peck, B.A., New York City

LETTER OF JOHN WICKHAM OF SOUTHAMPTON, 1713

Communicated by Henry W. Pilch, Esq., Madison, N.J.

The following letter was found among some ancient papers of the Blachley family of Morris County, N.J.

Dr. Ebenezer Blachley (b. 13 Feb. 1735) married 19 June 1758 Mary Wick (b. 13 Aug. 1739), daughter of Henry Wick (b. 23 Oct. 1707, d. 21 Dec. 1780) and Mary Cooper (b. 4 Apr. 1718, d. 7 July 1787). With these papers were others pertaining to Wick lands in the neighborhood of Morristown, N.J. Found with the original Wickham letter was an imperfect copy of it, bearing the endorsement: "copy of original in his hand - the original given to J. M. Blachly Jr May 7, 1855 at Villa Rica[?]. The original was pinned to the letter it was an answer to - was found by J. B. Wick amongst the papers of Henry Wick Dec'd."

It is a mystery why this Wickham paper should be with documents of the Wick family. John Wickham, the writer, was not John of Wethersfield, who disappeared, despite the fact that that John's brother Joseph settled in Southampton; for the father of John of Wethersfield died in 1688 and his brother Thomas did not die until 1730. The original letter bears no address or name of the addressee, and may well be a first draft of a letter which the writer sent to a brother who presumably lived in Sudbury, co. Suffolk, England.

long Island Southampton Septem^{r}: 6: 1711

D^{r}: Bro^{r}:

Yo^{rs}: of Aprell 23^{d}: 1703 & Desem^{r}:23^{d}: 1708 Now Lyes before me & cannot but acknowled my thankes for Your love & truble ["in giveing" crossed out] to my frindes & in p'tickuler in giveing me account of the tranceactions of Our family but am hartely glade to finde after all stormes in ye: family Is over ["to finde" crossed out] that a sunshine of peace appeare the wish I pray god Continiew amongs yee the Death of our ffather I rec from You ["not" crossed out] not withought Dew Effection also Brothr Tho^{ms}; but since wee grow fewer in Number lett us labour to grow more loveing. I am Verrey sorrey that You live so ought of the way of sea faireing men I woul now send three ore 4 times in a Yeare sum small adventuer If only to have oftenn acount of Your well fare I have had account that Cuss^{n}: Nickolas Hickes Is liveing & Driveing a trade in highstreat in Bristol I have writen to him but have no answer- If not give me adviz of sum othr man to Consine to in Bristow for the packett bote now Cumes onese Every Munth ore 2 & wee may heare from one & Other Very oftenn ["I have good frinds in New York" crossed out] I left my place You know for Dep^{t}. pray give me account who of my Cred^{tors}. Is in Most want I will send ett according to Your Direction & in both of Your letters You give me account of sumthing wase given Unto Brother Thomas & his Male heires hee deying with Ought ["Issew" crossed out] sun I suppose ett to be

mine but You never gave me account what ett wase only that ett wase given by Anthony Wickham pray searve me in giveing me a prtickuler account what ett Is & what ett may beworth P amn [per annum intended] I have now altred my mind in Cuming for England & have sent to London to have my Goods Returned to me that I had Remited in Order to my Vidge [voyage intended] for ["I now live Much better with my Wife then I have & hope ett may Continew" crossed out] am God bepraysed much better in health then I have bine for a Yeare or too past I suppose my sicknes did much arrise from a discontented sperett the wich I shall God inableing me indever to prevent in Not giveing way to Ett as I have dun but I am not withought stronge hopes of seeing Sodbury againe I have God Know my harte a greate Desire to see Your face & the faces of those few of my Brothers & Sisters that Is now Left & the seade of those Desesed I rest and am as In Deuty bounde Your Effectionate Brother Whiles I am

John Wickham

LACY CORRECTION

Supra, page 122, the first wife of Ebenezer Lacy died 24 Sept. 1782, he married his second wife 21 Nov. 1782; both dates from Roxbury, Conn., church records. Because of an unfortunate typing error, the month was printed as Nov. for both events.

RECENT BOOKS

5-Generation Ancestral Lineages. 1956. Seattle Genealogical Society, Seattle, Washington. Paper, 197 p., mimeographed. Full name index.

The lineages are well arranged and easy to follow, and the typing is excellent. Not all the lineages have been traced to the great-great-grandparents (five generations), in full, but many of them have, and a large number of the lines go back to the eighteenth century. This recording of ancestry will be of increasing value as the years pass, and even to-day many people will be helped by discovering cognate lines.

The origin shown for this cross-section of Americans demonstrates the diversity of strains which are now part of the American genetic heritage. However, despite many ancestors from the British Isles and the northern countries of Europe, most of the lines given are "early colonial."

The Descendants of Thomas (5) Buell, Pioneer in Madison County, New York. A New Experiment in Consanguinity. Compiled by Harlow Dunham Curtis, Manlius, New York, 1956. Published by Nathan Deloss Buell, 5111 N. E. Simpson St., Portland 13, Oregon. Cloth, 341 p., lithoprinted. $10.00.

This beautifully printed book deals exclusively with the descendants of Thomas^5 Buell (Joseph^4, Samuel^3, Samuel^2, William^1), except that considerable information is given about the wives and husbands extending when known to their parentage or beyond. The book was ready for publication in 1935 and was then indexed. The 1935 listing of descendants of each of the eleven children of Thomas who left issue, each in a separate section with its own index, is printed, and following each index is given more recent information roughly covering 1935-1955. Individuals are starred in their regular listing when more recent information about them will be found beyond the index of that individual's section.

This is distinctly a family book, though the larger genealogical libraries should obtain it. For a man born in 1756, Thomas Buell has a number of descendants approaching astronomical proportions; and the compiler seems to have located all of them.

Additional Beckwith Notes including Avery, Ely, Gilbert, Holmes, Lee, Smith (Nehemiah, Richard and Simon), Southerland, Wightman and Williams. By Frederick H. Beckwith, Stratford, Conn., 1956. 49 p. Paper. Indexed.

Of value in setting forth a hitherto untraced branch of the Matthew Beckwith family. Also, an East Lyme branch of the Nehemiah Smith family imperfectly given in the printed genealogy of that family. There are unfortunately type errors which the lithoprinting process necessarily retains uncorrected.

The Virginia Genealogist. Vol. I, No. 1, January-March 1957. Published quarterly by the editor, John Frederick Dorman, Box 4883, Washington 8, D.C. [48 p. in this first issue.] $5.00 a year; $1.50 an issue.

Since the William and Mary College Quarterly adopted its no-genealogy policy, and the Tyler Quarterly suspended publication, there has been an insufficiency of media for Virginia genealogical data. This new periodical therefore should fill a vacuum, and if we may base an opinion on this first issue, it should fill it very well. We are, in short, extremely well impressed by the format, the editorship, and the kind of material selected for inclusion.

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ANNOUNCEMENT

Between 1926 and 1956 I compiled or edited for publication some 60 genealogical volumes and contributed over 200 articles to periodicals. (See Who's Who in America, 1956-1957, for a partial listing of these.) It is impossible for me to answer the numerous queries received relating to details in these many books and articles, unless employed to spend the time required to make a re-examination of the records and problems involved.

I am planning to retire shortly from private research and do not desire further small research commissions. Subject to prior engagement, I would consider the compilation or editing of a genealogical book, preferably the history of a single family, and preferably a Connecticut family. My experience is of value in compiling, editing, indexing, and seeing such a volume through the press.

Donald Lines Jacobus

Institute of Genealogical Research. Three week course begins in July. Meredith B. Colket, Jr., Director. For details, write to The American University, 1901 F Street, N.W., Washington, D.C.

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Winifred Lovering-Holman, S.B., F.A.S.G., 275 Concord Avenue, Lexington 73, Mass. See "Who's Who in the East" (1955, volume 5, A. N. Marquis Co., Chicago, Illinois).

C. Frederick Kaufhold, Lakeville, Conn. Specializes in German origins of American families. Research also in Connecticut and western Massachusetts.

Alfred H. Perlee, 61 Catlin Road, Franklin, N.J. Research in central and northern New Jersey.

H. Minot Pitman, Fellow of American Society of Genealogists, Contributing Editor of The American Genealogist. Research anywhere on the Atlantic Seaboard. See "Who's Who in the East," 1955. 88 Summit Avenue, Bronxville, N.Y.

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